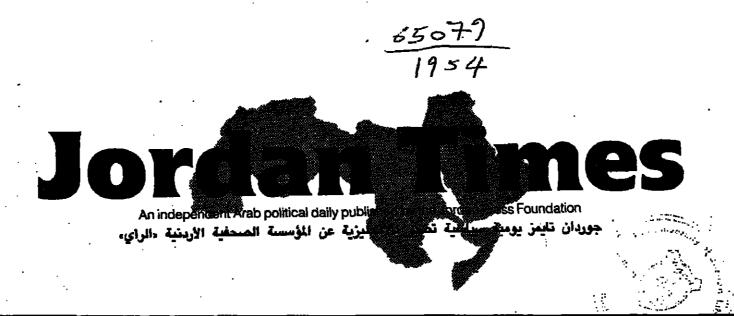
Aquino offers amnesty to rebels

MANILA (AP) — President Corazon Aquino, saying she wants to heal wounds left by 18 years of fighting, announced Saturday a "full and complete amnesty" to communist rebels who lay down their arms. Mrs. Aquino said in a nationwide television broadcast that rebels who wish to take advantage of her offer must voluntarily turn themselves in within the next six months. The presidential palace carlier released the text of her proclamation. A palace source said Mrs. Aquino was to announce "guiding principles" of the amnesty programme in a speech on Sunday marking the first anniversary of the presidential security group. The proclamation did not say so categorically, but it appeared to be aimed also at Muslim rebels fighting for self-rule in the southern Phillippines for the past 14 years. "I ... hereby declare and proclaim full and complete amposty in favour of all persons who have or may have committed any act penalised under existing laws in furtherance of their political beliefs and who, as of this date... and for six months thereafter, return of their own free will to the fold of the law," she said.



Egypt police hold 19 fundamentalists

SOHAG, Egypt (R) — Police said Saturday 19 Muslim fundamentalists were arrested after 2,000 demonstrators, angered over a mosque destroyed by an accidental fire, tried to burn two Coptic Christian churches. Security forces in this southern town used tear-gas and fired shots in the air to disperse demonstrators on Friday after they tried to set fire to the two churches with bottles of petrol, police sources said. They said a short circuit started a fire and destroyed a mosque near one of the two churches, triggering rumours that Copts were responsible for it. The two churches were slightly damaged, the police said. They said four men were arrested inside one of the churches as they tried to torch it from the inside, and these named 15 others who were also arrested. Police said they were looking for a further 20 men. Sohag is a stronghold of Muslim fundamentalist groups and a centre for sectarian strife in southern Egypt.

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Masri briefs

AMMAN (J.T.) — Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri briefed the Cabinet on Saturday on the European Community's (EC) meeting and the declaration it issued last Monday in Brussels, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, and It did not give details Monday in Saturday said. It did not give details. Mr. Masri visited Brussels and held extensive talks with EC foreign ministers before the EC Council of Ministers met on Monday and issued the statement endorsing Jordan's call for an international conference on the Middle East.

Overtime allowances suspended

AMMAN (Petra) — The Council of Ministers instructed the Ministry of Finance on Saturday not to pay any overtime allowances to any civil servant as of March 1. 1987. The decision to cut overtime allowances, which was taken during a regular Cabinet session. excludes cases where the Cabinet approves such payments.

Syria puts clocks forward

DAMASCUS (R) — Syrians were to put watches and clocks forward one hour from midnight on Saturday, an official announcement said. It gave no reason for the early start of sumnier time — bringing Syria three hours ahead of GMT — but it was believed due to power shortages. Damascus and other Syrian cities experience at least five hours of power cuts daily.

Assassin arrested in Lebanon

BEIRUT (AP) - President Amın Gemavel on Salurday told French Ambassador Christian BEIRUT (Agencies) -Graeff that the assassin who killed French Military Attache Christian Gouttiere last September has been arrested. The president relayed to me information that is going to make a sensation in France," Mr. Graeff said after a meeting with Mr. Gemayel at the presidential palace in suburban Baabda. "He just announced to me the arrest of the assassin of Colonel Gouttiere and this proves the efficiency of the (Lebanese) government, which we support." Mr. Graeff told reporters. But he would not disclose the identity of the killer or give other details.

Bhutto returns home KARACHI (R) — Opposition figure Benazir Bhutto, arch-foe of President Mohammad Zia Ul Haq, returned on Saturday from a 10-day visit to Britain, a spokesman for her Pakistan Peoples Party (PPP) said. He told reporters the 33-year-old daughter of executed Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto kept her trip secret and arrived in Karachi "very

Kabul denies raids on Pakistan

ISLAMABAD (R) - Afghanistan denied on Saturday that its aircraft carried out air raids in Pakistan in the past two days which Pakistani officials said killed about 70 people and wounded 250. A government statement reported by the official Afghan news agency Bakhtar said the reports were baseless. The agency, quoted by Kabul Radio monitored in Islamabad, accused the Western media of hostile propaganda aimed at sabotaging U.N.-sponsored indirect talks between the two countries taking place in Geneva.

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- tainees, bans protests,

Cabinet on EC stand Gorbachev offers separate deal over missiles in Europe

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Kremlin leader Mikhail Gorbachev proposed on Saturday that the Soviet Union and the United States reach an agreement on medium-range missiles separate from other arms control issues, the official news agency TASS said.

that the problem on mediumrange missiles in Europe be singled out from the package of issues, and that a separate agreement on it be concluded without delay," TASS quoted Mr. Gor-

bachev as saying.
The Soviet Union has previously said no agreements on medium- and long-range nuclear arsenals were possible without an accord restraining the Reagan administration's plans for an antimissile defence based partly in

We are putting our proposals on the table of negotiations with the United States in Geneva," Mr. Gorbachev said in the state-

Since the October meeting be-tween Mr. Gorbachev and U.S.

"The Soviet Union suggests President Ronald Reagan in Iceland, the Kremlin had maintained that its proposals on reductions in strategic, medium-range and space and defensive weapons were a package that had to be considered in its entirety.

Mr. Gorbachev's announcement Saturday indicated the Soviets had abandoned their previous position.

"We were assured more than once that if the Soviet Union singles out the issue of mediumrange missiles from the Reykjavik package, then there would be no difficulty in agreeing to their elimination in Europe. "A good opportunity is now

being offered to prove that in practice. This is being awaited by the Europeans and by peoples of House spokesman other countries," Mr. Gorbachev Brasbear Jr. said

Mr. Gorbachev said the Soviet Union still considered it important to reach agreement on sub-stantially limiting and then abo-lishing strategic nuclear weapons.

"Of course, the conclusion of such an agreement, as has been repeatedly emphasised, should be conditioned by a decision on preventing the deployment of weapons in outer space, in view of the organic interconnection of these issues," he said.

"Despite all the difficulties and artificial obstructions, the Soviet Union is again showing its will to resolve the nuclear disarmament

In its first response to the Soviet offer, the White House said the U.S. soon will makes its

We have not seen the speech as yet, but as expected, we will be tabling our own IMF (intermediate missile) proposal in Geneva and it will be consistent with our approach in Reykjavik," White House spokesman Albert R.

Lebanese politicians, Syrian leaders discuss Beirut plan

Lebanese policemen deployed alongside Syrian forces in west Beirut on Saturday as Lebanese Muslim leaders and politicians met top Syrian officials in Damascus to review the progress of the week-old security drive in the Lebanese capital.

Lebanese riot policemen joined the Syrians at their 23 checkpoints across west Beirut. They were seen waving traffic and frisking pedestrians.

A police spokesman said the deployment was in line with the security plan worked out by Prime Minister Rashid Karami and senior Syrian officials.

The plan, according to the spokesman, also called for the deployment of "regular" Lebanese forces along the western side of the five-kilometre green line that slices Beirut. Soldiers of the Lebanese army took over the western side of the

demarcation line from Shi'ite militiamen Wednesday. Some 7,000 Syrian troops have

ployed there last Sunday at the request of Mr. Karami and the other Muslim leaders at Saturday's talks in Damascus.

Druze militia chief Walid Junblatt, whose men battled the Shi'ite Muslim Amal militia for six days until the Syrians moved in, said earlier he wanted to work towards a new agreement to settle the militia conflict.

"We have made clear the party's views on the past painful events," he told reporters after leading officials of his Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) in talks with Syrian Vice-President Abdul

Halim Khaddam. "Of course we want to close the old chapter and open a new one for a national democratic alliance with all national forces in the Lebanese arena including the

Amal movement," he said. "But we have to agree first on clear bases for the interest of this national move and for the interest of our strategic alliance with Syria," Mr. Junblatt added.

Mr. Junblatt later joined Mr. forced warring gunmen off streets Karami, Amal leader Nabih Ber- Americans who stay in Lebanon of west Beirut since they de-

Hoss and Parliament Speaker Hussein Husseini for talks with the Syrians to map out the next stage of the security plan for west Beirut, the Syrian Arab News Agency (SANA) said.

The Syrian team, headed by Mr. Khaddam, also included Prime Minister Abdul Raouf Al Kasın, People's Council Speaker Mahmoud Zu'bi and Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa.

The two sides meeting again Saturday evening and sources close to the Lebanese delegation said they might also meet Syrian President Hafez Al Assad.

Mr. Karami has rejected charges by Lebanon's President Amin Gemayel that his request for the deployment of additional Syrian troops in the west Beirut was unlawful,

He told Syrian Television that Syrian troops entered Lebanon in 1976 in response to a formal request by the then President

(Continued on page 3)

ri, Education Minister Salim not likely to be punished, page 2

Reagan praises ex-chief of staff as Baker prepares to move in

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — Aides to Howard Baker held talks with Reagan administration officials on Saturday to smooth the way for his takeover as White House chief of staff from Donald Regan, who resigned abruptly on Friday.

President Ronald Reagan chose Mr. Baker, a former Senate majority leader, to set the White House in order following release of a report that blasted top officials for allowing the administration to be drawn into the Iran arms scandal.

The report, prepared by a three-man commission appointed by the president, concluded that Mr. Regan, the most powerful White House chief of staff in recent history, bore primary responsibility for the "chaos" that descended after disclosures that arms were sold to Iran and some of the profits diverted to U.S.backed contra rebels in Nicar-

Baker aides Tom Griscom and James Cannon began preparations on Saturday for the transition by attending a 90-minute meeting of a dozen high administration officials, White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater told

Fitzwater said there was no discussion of further staff

expected as Mr. Reagan seeks to recover from the scandal that has plunged his presidency into its worst crisis.

Mr. Regan submitted his resignation in a 14-word letter to the president on Friday after learning that a television network had named his replacement even before Mr. Regan had been informed. News reports said he stormed out of the White House in a rage.

On Saturday, as Mr. Regan returned to clear out his desk, the White House released a warm letter of thanks from the president to the former Wall Street

"I know that you stayed on beyond the time you had set for your return to private life and did so because you felt you could be of help in a time of trouble," Mr. Reagan said the letter, dated

"You were of help and I thank you. Whether on the deck of your beloved boat or on the Fairway (Mr. Regan is a keen sailor and golfer).... may the sun shine warm on your face, the wind be always at your back, and may God bless you and hold you in the hollow of his hand."

Mr. Reagan's replacement of Mr. Regan was seen as an impor- Reagan 'flustered' by report; tant first step to put the Iran arms changes, although they are widely scandal behind him and get on

with the last two years of his

Mr. Baker's appointment was praised by both opposition Democrats and members of Mr. Reagan's Republican Party, but many political experts saw it as only the start of a major overhaul of the White House hierarchy.

Mr. Reagan, who usually spends his weekends at the Camp David presidential retreat in Maryland, decided to remain in the White House to review the commission report and consuit his aides and political supporters. He is expected to speak to the nation next week as part of his

efforts to shore up his position as one of the most popular presidents in recent history. Mr. Reagan still faces two con-

gressional inquiries into the Iran arms scandal, and those probes - headed by Democrats - are likely to be even less sympathetic to him than the presidential commission, which criticised Mr.

(Continued on page 3)

McFarlane call Iranians 'paranoid,' page 2 One-time Watergate prober may

help Reagan, page 4 Bush says new finding may help his presidential campaign, page 8

Beirut camps come under heavy

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Artillery battles erupted at two Palestinian refugee camps on Saturday in the worst "camps war" fighting reported since thousands of Syrian troops moved into west Beirut to halt militia violence.

A Palestinian spokesman said the shelling of Bourj Al Barajneh and Shatila camps in the south of the Lebanese capital lasted half

an hour. He denied local radio reports that explosions heard across the city came from fighting inside the Bourj Al Barajneh camp between pro- and anti-Syrian Palestinian factions.

The factions had buried their political differences to defend the refugee camps from a four-month blockade by the Shi'ite Muslim Amal militia

"The Syrians are now here. Let them see what is happening to our people," the Palestinian spokesman said.

Syrian troops have deployed near but not around Bourj Al Barajner and Shatila.

the militia describes as a drive to curb the influence in the camps of Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser

Brigadier Ghazi Kanaan, supervising the Syrian clampdown in west Beirut, has said: We hope the (pro-Syrian) Palestine National Salvation Front will be able to take charge of the camps and put an end to Arafat cliques.

A Beirut newspaper said Satur-day tension had developed between Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) and the Syrian government, apparently because of PSP leader Walid Junblatt's support for the Palestinians in the war with Amal.

On Friday, the United Nations said a truck convoy entered Shatila carrying food for hungry re-fugees, the first time it had been able to bring supplies into the camp since October.

It spoke of "total destruction" in the camp and reported eight cases of typhoid.

A Syrian unit escorted the U.N. food convoy to Shatila. In Vienna, Austria, a statement issued by the United Na-tions Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) said the trucks carried 16 tonnes of flour and four tonnes of powdered milk.

A doctor who accompanied the convoy reported eight cases of typhoid, the agency said.

Murphy due in Mideast next week - Abdul Meguid CAIRO (Agencies) — United drive for a conference should not we have seen that big break-States special envoy Richard be allowed to lose its momentum throughs and big surprises and because it has become "the most Murphy is expected to visit

Egypt, Jordan and Israel next week to discuss Middle East peace efforts. Egyptian Foreign Minister Mohammad Esmat Abdul Megnid was quoted on Saturday as saying.

Mr. Murphy, the assistant deputy secretary for the Near East, visited the Middle East in January this year and reports indicated then that the trip was mainly aimed at trying to repair the damage done to U.S. credibility after revelations that Washington

sold arms to Iran. Mr. Abdul Meguid said Egypt would contact other Arab countries for their views on an international Middle East peace conference, according to a dispatch from Reuter on Saturday. The agency said the minister was speaking to reporters on Friday.

"We shall start contacts with Arab countries and other interested parties to push forward the peace efforts," Mr. Abdul Meguid was quoted as saying. Israeli Foreign Minister Shi-

mon Peres, after talks in Cairo with Egyptian leaders, said on Thursday that much more work had to be done before a conference could be convened.

Arab analysts told Reuter Egypt was unperturbed at this stage by the power struggle over the issue inside the Israeli government, although it privately hoped Mr. Peres would emerge victo-

Egypt's semi-official Al Ahram

drive forward the peace process.' Reports from Tel Aviv said

Saturday that Israel's coalition government was heading into a political crisis over Mr. Peres' agreement with Egypt on an in- ing an inconclusive general electernational peace conference in defiance of Prime Minister Yit-Officials from Mr. Peres'

Labour Party and Mr. Shamir's right-wing Likud bloc said fireworks were likely at Sunday's

weekly cabinet meeting.
In Egypt on Friday, Mr. Peres said he had reached agreement with President Hosni Mubarak to hold a peace conference this year despite Mr. Shamir's outright rejection of the idea. "I am not convinced the recent

events will bring about new elections," said Labour Party Secretary-General Uzi Bar-Am. But he added that there was a 50-50 chance that Israelis would go to the polls before the scheduled 1988 ballot. Mr. Bar-Am told armed forces

not force an early election because it estimated that many obstacles remained before a peace conference could be con-Likud legislator Dan Meridor said there might be a stormy

radio he believed Likud would

debate when Mr. Peres reports to Mr. Shamir and the cabinet on his talks in Egypt.

"I suggest we wait until we pass Soviets, criticising Israel, renew

achievements reported on the specific cog in a wheel that could first or second day of the return

passed," Mr. Meridor said. Mr. Shamir appeared to be in no hurry to bring down the coalition he forged with Mr. Peres follow-

tion in 1984. Still smarting from being jeered off the stage at his party's convention last year, he would face strong challenges for its leadership from Trade Minister Ariel Sharon and Deputy Prime Minis-

ter David Levy if new elections were called. Aides quoted Mr. Shamir as saying he wanted to hear Mr. Peres' report on the Cairo talks

before passing judgement. In Washington, the U.S. State Department on Friday expressed approval that Egyptian and Israeli leaders had joined in dia-logue but it withheld specific comment on their joint call for an international conference on the Middle East.

"We always encourage and appland dialogue between the senior leadership of two of our most important friends in the Middle Éast, Israel and Egypt, department spokeswoman Phyllis Oakley told reporters.

Mrs. Oakley said the department would study the communique issued by President Mubarak and Mr. Peres. She added that

(Continued on page 3)

judgment ... because in the past call for peace conference, page 2 newspaper said in an editorial the Iraqi leaders review situation after describing Iranian offensive as failure

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — President Saddam Hussein and other Iraqi leaders met Saturday to discuss the war with Iran following Tehran's announcement that it was ending its seven-week

southern ground offensive. The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said President Hussein presided over a joint meeting of the ruling Revolutionary Command Council and the Baath Party leadership to discuss Iraq's "preparedness to face any new Iranian aggression." Iran said on Thursday its cross-

border offensive, launched on Jan. 9. had ended. The head of the political department of Iraq's Defence Ministry, Abdul Abbar Muhsen, told Reuters on Friday the Ira-

land two to three kilometres deep and seven kilometres wide. "The Iranians in this area have been bleeding heavy daily losses for the past 50 days without gaining or achieving any aim and even stretch of land will be recap-

nians had seized only a strip of

tured in due time," he said. Commenting on Iran's claim that its forces had captured about 155 square kilometres of Iraqi territory, Mr. Muhsen said: "This would mean that they are holding

reached areas of Basra's suburbs ... they seized a small village, the Du'aichy, which lies about one kilometre from the border." Tehran said the aim of the offensive launched on Jan. 9 was

to destroy the Iraqi army before a "final and decisive" assault.

Mr. Muhsen said the present position "clearly indicates that Iraq is still keeping its armed forces and equipment intact with full and well organised control over the situation and will con-

its territory. Iranian opposition leader Massoud Rajavi, head of the Bagh-dad-based Mujahedeen-e-Khalq organisation, said Saturday the ending of the Iranian offensive means an implicit admittance of

tinue to hold its superiority over

defeat" by Tehran. Mr. Rajavi, in a telex to news agencies, also called on all United Nations' member states to "impose an oil and arms boycott on

the Iranian regime." A military spokesman said Iraqi anti-aircraft forces shot down two Iranian F-4 phantoms on Friday as they tried to enter Iraqi airspace in the south of the country. Both fighter bombers were seen falling in flames inside Iranian

"In fact, they haven't even territory, the spokesman said. Ships attacked

> In Bahrain, shipping executives said Iranian gunboat attacked a freighter off the United Arab Emirates on Saturday in the second attack on commercial vessels cruising in the Gulf waters in

> as many days.
>
> They said the ship, identified only as Sea Empress, was hit by an Iranian missile at 11 a.m., but sustained only minor damage. An Iranian gunboat has fired at

> a small Chinese-flag freighter in the first incident in which a vessel from communist China has been caught in the Iran-Iraq tanker war, the executives reported. The gunboat fired three missiles at the 15,200-tonne Wu

> said the executives. The crew briefly abandoned the vessel. At about 7:00 p.m. Friday, Iraqi warplanes struck an Iranian shuttle tanker at a point further north, setting it ablaze, the same

Jiang Friday, but they all missed,

executives said. The 280,476-tonne Khark 3 was raided at Ras Al Mutas, about 80 kilometres south of the Iranian port of Bushehr, they

Paris court jails Abdal

PARIS (Agencies) — A special French anti-terrorist court sentenced Lebanese Georges Ibrahim Abdallah to life imprisonment on Saturday for complicity in two political murders and a failed

attempt at a third. Maurice Colomb, president of the assize court, announced the decision after the seven judges deliberated for one and a half

Abdallah, 35, was found guilty of complicity in the 1982 murders of U.S. Military Attache Charles Ray and Israeli diplomat Yacov Barsimentov and a failed assassination attempt on another U.S. diplomat in 1984.

The court, France's first no-

jury tribunal, rejected a plea by

defence attorney Jacques Verges that Abdallah be set free and that the world "open its eyes to the despair of his people. It also ignored a prosecution

request that the court give Abdallah a light sentence of less than 10 years. The request made on Friday by prosecuting counsel Pierre Baechlin, apparently in response to renewed threats of guerrilla

violence from Abdallah supporters, raised a storm of protests from both left and right.

In Washington, the Reagan administration praised the ver-"The United States welcomes

court," said State Department spokesman Pete Martinez. What was sought in this trial was justice, and justice has been ren-Martinez said the United States

the decision by the special French

had sought justice for the murder of one of its official representatives in France and was pleased Abdallah, reputed to be a leader of the Lebanese Armed Revolutionary Factions (FARL),

was not present when the verdict was delivered. After an opening statement Monday, in which he rejected the right of the French courts to judge him, Abdallah refused to attend further sessions of

There was a loud gasp from the nearly 150 spectators and journalists packing the room when judge Colomb pronounced the life sentence. He said the judges reached their decisions on the verdict and the sentence by majority vote, but did not disclose if there was a split. Abdallah, kept during the trial

house complex, was informed of the verdict by his lawyer. Verges then told reporters Abdallah considered the sentence "irrevocable" and would not

sessions in a jail cell in the court-

Georges Ibrahim Abdallah considers himself at the end of the trial the winner of this battle." Verges said. "I am smiling,

he is laughing." Verges said he did not know if the verdict could unleash new bombings, but added: "I don't think that one can keep a man like Georges Ibrahim Abdallah without it having some signifi-cance... for his friends."

Last September, a series of bombs killed 11 people and left 150 injured in Paris. A group claiming responsibility demanded the liberation of Abdallah and

two other prisoners. In his summing up, Verges described Abdallah as an "Arab

Swedes pay tribute to Palme

STOCKHOLM (R) - Tens of thousands of Swedes on Saturday marked the first anniversary of the still-unsolved murder of Prime Minister Olof Palme with a series of low-key, solemn ceremonies marked by private mourning rather than public

Focal point for the ceremonies, held in 150 towns and cities around Sweden, was Mr. Palme's simple granite grave in Adolf Fredrik Church in central Stock-

Only 100 metres along the ci-

ty's main street, thousands of shoppers paused to file past the spot where Mr. Palme was shot dead by a lone gunman. The controversies surrounding

the unsuccessful hunt for the killer, which have on occasion reduced the murder inquiry to farce, were forgotten as the ordinary people paid silent tribute to the country's former prime minister.

Palme murder trail is still cold,

Americans who stay in Lebanon are not likely to be punished

WASHINGTON (R) — As President Reagan's deadline for Americans to get out of Lebanon expired Saturday, an undetermined number of U.S. citizens remained - and officials said they are unlikely to be punished if they refuse to leave.

The administration has not prosecuted citizens who ignored a 1981 ban on travel to Libya, and this is unlikely to change with regard to Lebanon, the officials told Reuters.

The chances of prosecution were remote, given the historical precedent, said Justice Department spokeswoman John Russell.

The point was not to punish Americans but to protect them from kidnappings and other dangers, a State Department official, who asked not to be identified. added.

The State Department announced the new ban on Jan.

LONDON (Agencies) - Dr.

Mohammad Mahdi, one of the

most prominent Arab personali-

ties who advocated Arab causes

in international forums, has died.

Britain from Iraq towards the end

of the 1940s and it was announced

that his death Friday was caused

LONDON — The Israeli-allied

South Lebanon Army (SLA)

militia, which controls a border

strip in South Lebanon, is in

danger of collapse in the face of

an escalating guerrilla war being

waged by Lebanese and Palesti-

Israel will have no option but to

step up its own presence in the

Antoine Lahd, is the successor to

a militia headed by Maj. Saad

Haddad which controlled the bor-

der area prior to the 1982 Israeli

Following their "final with-

drawal" from the country in June

1985, the Israelis handed over the

border strip to the SLA, who are

charged with preventing com-mando attacks into Israeli terri-

With an estimated strength of

1,800 men, two thirds of them

Christians and one third Shi'ites.

the SLA is wholly dependant on

Increasingly daring commando raids staged by the Shi'ite militias

Amal and Hisbollah, and by

Palestinian groups, however, are

taking a heavy toll on the SLA.

1985 and the end of 1986, the

militia lost 101 men killed, with

twice that number wounded. In

1986 alone, there were 85 SLA

The 1987 death toll had already

deaths, most of them in the last

In the period between June

invasion of Lebanon.

the Israelis.

quarter.

19:30

20:38

The SLA, commanded by Gen.

Observers are agreed that

nian commandos.

Dr. Mahdi had emigrated to

Prominent Arab scholar,

Mohammad Mahdi, dies

'SLA faces disintegration'

28, saying that U.S. passports would no longer be valid for travel to Lebanon after kidnappings brought the total number of foreigners held hostage there to 25, including nine Americans.

The State Department put the number of U.S. passport holders in Lebanon at around 1,500 when the ban was imposed but an official said it had not kept track of Americans who may have left Lebanon since then.

The order gave U.S. citizens already there - most of them dual nationals — 30 days' grace before their passports were in-

Dr. Mahdi had served as pro-

fessor of mathematics at London

University and he was one of the

founding members of a number

of Anglo-Arab institutions such

as the Council for the Advance-

ment of Arab-British Under-

reached thirteen by 19th January.

Morale has collapsed, and hun-dreds of SLA men have deserted.

the militia's radio station, the

Voice of Hope, has taken to

broadcasting reports lauding the

ly, that anyone who knew any-

thing about developments in

South Lebanon "will know that

the SLA is stronger today than at

One such claimed, optimistical-

The situation is so serious that

standing (CAABU).

SLA's condition.

The only exceptions allowed were for families of U.S. hostages who might have to travel to Lebanon or journalists, whose requests would be handled on a case-by-case basis.

People who defy the ruling could be prosecuted for misusing their passports, but they are un-likely to see the inside of a counthouse.

"In effect, the ban is being used as the most severe kind of warning we can make." the State Department official said.

Enforcement procedure would entail the State Department referring cases to the Justice Department for prosecution.

But Mr. Russell said that except for the case of U.S. black Muslim leader Louis Farrakan, who broke the ban on visiting Libya, "I don't think (state) has ever made a referral to us."

He said that even though Mr. Farrakan was referred to the Justice Department a case was never brought against him.

Mr. Reagan has accused Libya. despite its denials, of sponsoring terrorism and barred travel there on grounds of safety.

The ban on Lebanon has caused mixed feelings among Lebanese Americans in the United States.

'You can't remove the terrorists by isolating the Lebanese," said American Lebanese League official David Ferris.

He says travel to Lebanon is safe - if one stays in Falangistcontrolled sectors like east

'We believe (U.S.) travel could be banned and even the U.S. embassy could be closed but these steps are not enough to stop. terrorism," Mr. Ferris said.

McFarlane called Iranians paranoid, Tower report says

WASHINGTON (R) — Former U.S. National Security Adviser Robert McFarlane described Iranian officials with whom he negotiated last year as carpet salesmen, according to the Tower Commission report into the

Mr. McFarlane, admitted to hospital recently after apparently trying to commit suicide by taking a drug overdose, flew to Tehran in May on a mission to negotiate the release of U.S. hostages in Lebanon in exchange for arms.

Mr. McFarlane, in cables from Tehran shortly after his arrival, described the thinking of his Iranian hosts as "extreme para-

"It may be best for us to try and picture what it would be like after a nuclear attack if a surviving tartar became vice-president, a recent grad student became secretary of state and a bookie became the interlocutor for all discourse with foreign nations,"

He warned the White House against high expectations for a speedy release of the hostages.

"As we proceed we cannot be gulled by promises of what will happen tomorrow. At bottom they really are rug merchants,'

Qadhafi regrets killing of **London policewoman**

any other time, and that it enjoys high competence and morale, that are envied by many sides." The Israelis remain committed to the SLA. In a January speech Maj. Gen. Yossi Peled, the officer who heads Israel's Northern Command, declared: "The Israeli Forces have given, are giving and

will continue to give all the backing to the SLA that it needs." The Israelis, however, are seriously concerned. They have

already beefed-up their presence in the SLA's border strip to one thousand troops, backed by armour, and Israeli air raids on commando bases to the north are becoming increasingly frequent. After the costly fiasco of its

1982 invasion and occupation, however, Tel Aviv, is extremely reluctant to become too deeply embroiled in Lebanon. It is a quandary which looks set to become increasingly delicate in the coming months — Council for the Advancement of Arab-British Understanding (CAABU) Bul-

never have been a target for us. LONDON — Libyan leader Muammar Oadhafi has reiterated

his regret at the killing of police-woman Yvonne Fletcher outside the Libyan People's Bureau in St. James's Square in April 1984, although he refused to accept that Libya was responsible for her

Fletcher was killed when a gunopened fire on anti-Qadhafi demonstrators in the street outside. The incident prompted Britain

to sever diplomatic relations with Tripoli, and London has consistently stressed that a resumption of ties would depend on Libya admitting responsibility for the killing and offering compensa-tion. Tripoli has claimed from the outset that the shots did not come from the People's Bureau.
Interviewed last week on

Channel 4 Television's Diverse Reports programme, Col. Qadhafi declared: "It's not in our nature to kill innocent people. That policewoman, she could Union.

She was a security officer concerned with maintaining order and security, and she didn't deserve to be killed."

In a section of the interview which was not broadcast, however, he claimed that the anti-Qadhafi demonstation had been staged not by dissident Libyans cruited by the British secret police."

The British authorities, he suggested, had acted out of a desire to please the Americans, who were anxious to weaken links between Libya and Europe. "The demonstration had been staged in the hope of provoking an incident which could be used as a pretext to sever ties between London and Tripoli," he said.

U.S. pressures on Libya, he said, had little to do with the North African state's policies, but were part of Washington's global efforts to encircle the Soviet

Pollard: Israel was fully aware of espionage

WASHINGTON (R) — Confessed spy Jonathan Pollard has contested Israel's assertion that his espionage was a "rouge operation" that took place without the knowledge of the Israeli govern-

Pollard, a former U.S.navy intelligence analyst, said in court papers the Israeli government was fully aware he gave Israel top-secret U.S. documents about the military strengths of the Soviet Union and Israel's rivals in the Middle East.

"It is my belief that the govern ment of Israel was fully aware of both my assistance to its intelligence services as well as my true motives in this affair, official denials notwithstanding," he said in court papers filed Friday.

"There were three occasions on which I was told that the highest levels of the Israeli government had purportedly extended their collective thanks for the assistance I had provided the state," he said.

Pollard said the requests for secrets he received suggested a highly coordinated effort by the Israeli army, navy and air force intelligence services.

"Their needs were understandably insatiable," he said. Poliard last June confessed to selling secrets to an Israeli spy ring for 18 months until his arrest in November 1985 after an unsuccessful bid for asylum at the

Israeli embassy in Washington. Pollard said he gave Israel in formation on the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) use of anti-aircraft weapons right before the Israeli raid in 1985 on PLO headquarters outside Tunis.

He said he gave Israel secrets about nuclear and chemical warfare advances in the Middle East and detailed information about the Soviet Union's surface-to-air missile system.

"The collection effort was clearly directed against the Soviets and those Arab states which pose a clear and present danger to Israel's security," Pol-

He said he also turned over to Israel a wide range of documents on the military strengths of Syria, Libya, Algeria, Iraq, Pakistan Sandi Arabia and Egypt and in-formation that was aimed at prolonging the Iran-Iraq war. He maintained that he never

provided secrets about the Un-

ited States. Pollard said he rejected a request by Rafi Eitan, the shadowy Israeli spymaster, for information on the activity of the U.S. National Security Agency in Israel and the names of all Israelis giving classified material to the United States.

Prosecutors said Pollard's spying caused enormous damage to U.S. national security,

Soviets, criticising Israel's 'provincial outlook,' call for Mideast conference

interview to Israel's state-run television, Soviet Foreign Ministry spokesman Gennady Gerasimov has criticised Israel's "provincial outlook" and called for an international Middle East peace conference.

"I guess (the international peace conference) was our idea. We would like the permanent members of the (U.N.) Security Council to gather together in a kind of a preparatory committee and to look into the matter of an international conference," Mr. Gerasimov said.

In an interview with the television's European correspondent David Witztum, Mr. Gerasimov also said that "a special commission with representatives of lawyers, scientists and the administrative bodies is now busy reviewing the penal legislation" of the Soviet Union.

It was the first official Soviet reference to the composition of the commission after Mr. Gerasimov announced in Moscow on Feb. 10 that laws prohibiting anti-Soviet slander, agitation and propaganda, along with other parts of the criminal code, being reviewed with the intention of 'softening them.'

However, Mr. Gerasimov indicated the reforms may not be implemented immediately, since

"takes time."

Asked whether the reform of they agreed to push for convening the penal code will result in an an international Midle East peace enlarged Jewish emigration, Mr. conference before the end of the Gerasimov said:

"You are provincial in your outlook. You talk about Jews, and Jews, and Jews. Jews are just one of the nationalities of our country, and this particular legislation (concerns) everybody.

Israel estimates that 400,000 Jews wish to leave the Soviet Union. In 1986, only 947 Jews were allowed to leave the country. According to the govern-ment-run Central Bureau of Statistics, only 202 Soviet Jews came to Israel while the rest preferred to emigrate to other Western commiss.

The interview was conducted in English via telephone, but Mr. Gerasimov was also seen talking to Witztum on a small television screen in the correspondent's

Soviet officials recently have departed from their custom of shunning conversations with Israelis. Since Feb. 19, Mr. Gerasimov himself granted three telephone interviews to Israeli officials and reporters.

During the interview, Mr. Gerasimov criticised İsrael's Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, who on Friday returned to Israel

TEL AVIV (AP) - In his first the review of the penal code after a two-day visit to Egypt. Peres and Egyptian leaders said

> But Mr. Gerasimov said Peres attempts to bring Jordan and Egypt to the conference table were a "wrong way. Because, you see, it's (the principle) of divide and rule ... The Solution can be found normally when everybody gets together" in the framework of an international conference, he

Mr. Gerasimov rejected the notion of inviting Peres, head of Israel's left-wing Labour Party, to Soviet Union in order to discuss prospects of convening an international Middle East peace con-

"What for? To talk about this? Let him (Peres) go to Washington and talk about this with the United States, let him go to Tel Aviv and talk ... with Mr. Shamir. Mr. Gerasimov said.

Mr. Shamir, who heads the right-wing Likud Bloc, is opposed to an international conference, and especially to Soviet participation in such a meeting. He succeeded Peres as Israeli prime minister last October under a power-sharing accord that formed the country's coalition government.

Canada's Jewish lobby hit by setback ing reporters: "There is so much director of the National Council

By A.M. Jabara

OTTAWA --- The recent election of Quebec MP Marcel Prud'homme as chairman of the Liberal caucus has brought outcries from the Jewish lobby: The Canada-Israel Committee, B'nai Brith Canada, Canadian Jewish Congress and the Canadian Zionist Although the voting took place

in a parliamentary setting in the presence of sixty distinguished senators and forty honourable members of the Canadian House of Commons, the Jewish lobby labiled this election as undernocratic and called upon to Liberal Party to deplore the results.

"We are concerned," their spokesman said in a press release statement, "that the Liberal caucus has elected as its chairman a man whose views are at odds with those of his party's leader and the party's policies on the Arab-Israeli conflict and the

Ian Watson, the executive Jewish lobby's allegation by tell—ity—Arab News, Jeddah.

of Canada-Arab Relations responded to the Jewish lobby's outcries: "The Canada-Israel committee's assertion that Prud'homme's views on the Arab-Israeli conflict are at variance with that of the Liberal Party is incorrect." He went on to say, "the public record clearly shows that Prud'homme supports a Palestinian homeland on the West Bank and Gaza, which is the official stance of the three political parties of Canada."

Mr. Watson also stated that 'Prud'homme's acknowledgement of the PLO as the sole spokesman for the Palestinian people is a conclusion similar to that reached by the Senate of Canada's 1985 Report on Canada's Relations with the Countries of the Middle East and Africa.

It all seemed clear from the Israeli point of view that democracy has two sides: the wrong side and the Israeli side.

Prud'homme snubbed

to do that I can assure you that was not a question today.' Sheila Copps who lost this election, told the media following the results, "because people wanted his experience. And certainly I

support that 100 per cent." Many Quebec MPs believed that the outcome of the Liberal Party caucus election is fair. Most of these MPs endorse Marcel Prud'homme's stand on the Middle East, the Palestinian right and their self-determination, including the recognition of the PLO. "We've called their bluff," said Jean Laprierre, referring to the Jewish lobby. Montreal MP Jean-Claude said Liberals were not going to be dictated to by the

Jewish community. 'Prud'homme has been in the Canadian political arena for twenty three years; has always campaigned for ethnic communities' rights and freedom whether they are blacks, Jews, Arabs, Europeans or any other national-

British women in Cairo drug case to be freed

CAIRO (AP) — Two British request that they be remanded in women ordered freed on bail in a custody for 45 days. drug smuggling case went through release procedures Saturday and a prosecution offi-cial said they will be out of custody by the end of the day. A Cairo court ruled last Wed-

nesday that Mrs. Maureen Carol Paleschi, 45, and Mrs. Marion Arnold, 41, be released on 2,000 pounds (\$1,500) bail each and that they remain in Egypt pending the outcome of investigation.
The court rejected a prosecution

A prosecution official, who

spoke on condition of anonymity under his department's rules, said a British embassy official paid the bail on Thursday. He said the women, who are

sisters from a suburb of Portsmouth in Hampshire, England, "are going through release for-malities today (Saturday) and will be free by the end of the day." British embassy sources confirmed this.

Police Lt.-Col. Mohammad Abul Kheir, commandant of a women's prison north of Cairo where the women were held, told the Associated Press they left facility Thursday night in the custody of a police escort. Since then they have had to go through

formalities at various security and

narcotics offices.

Mrs. Paleschi and Mrs. Arnold were arrested on Feb. 15 at Cairo airport on arrival from Karachi, Pakistan, via Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates, and Bucharest.

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

15:30 Koran
15:50 Programme Review
15:55 Heath Cliff
16:35 A Whole World of Children
17:90 Risking It All
17:39 Candid Camera
18:15 Local Agricultural Programme
18:40 Arabic Series
19:20 Local Programme
19:50 Programme Review
The second secon
was an analysis and an an
21:30 Local Programme
21:55 Tomorrow's programmes
22:00 TV Magazine (local)
23:00 News summary in Arabic
23:10 Arabic Series
PROGRAMME TWO
17:15 Les Cinq Derniers Minutes
19:80 News in French
19:15 La Vallee des Peupliers
17:13 La vallec des l'eupliers

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19

21:10 The Day the Universe Changed
22:00 News in English
22:20 Spearfield's Daughter

News in Hebrew

. News in Arabic

	LIGHT MUSIC
07:30	Newsdesk
08:00	····· Marnine Show
10:00	News Summary
10: 0 5	Pop Session
11:00	In Concert
12:00	News Summary
12:05	Pop Talk
L3:00	Pop talk
13:05	News Summary
14:00	Pop Session contd.
	News Bulletin
14:10	Instrumentals
14:15	Science Report
15:00	Concert House
16:00	News Summary
16:0 5	Instrumentals
16:30	····················· Old Favouries
17:60	Listeners' Choice
18:00	News Summary
18:65	Jazz Hour
19:00	Newsdesk
19:30	Date with a Star
20:00	Evening Show
. 21:00	News Summary
	Evening Show continued
21:55	News Summary
	News Summary

22:00 Evening Show continued 23:90 News Summary 23:57 News Headline **BBC WORLD SERVICE**

639, 720, 1323 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Nashville Cats 06:45 Reflections 06:50 Financial Re-view 07:00 World News 07:09 24 Hours: News Summary 07:30 Patrick Martin's Music Box 07:45 Letter from America 68:00 Newsdesk 68:30 Jazz for the Asking 09:00 World News 69:69 for the Asking 09:00 World News 09:09
24 Hours: News Summary 09:30 From
Our Own Correspondent 09:50 Waveguide 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 The Pleasure's Yours 11:00
World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 Science in Action 11:45 The
Music of Work 12:00 News Summary:
Short Story 12:15 Classical Record
Review 12:30 Religious Service 13:00
World News 13:09 News About Britain
13:15 From Our Own Correspondent 3:15 From Our Own Corresponden:
13:30 From the Proms '86 14:00 News
Sunmary: Play of the Week: Cash Me
A Portrait 14:30 Play of the Week:
Intimate Exchanges 15:00 World News
15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30
Sports Roundum 15:45 The Sandy 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30 Sports Roundup 15:45 The Sandy Jones Request Show 16:36 Play: Jude the Obscure 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 AIDS Phone-in 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 AIDS Phone-in 18:45 Letter from America 19:00 World News 19:09 Reflections 19:15 Meridian 19:45 Sports Roundup 20:00 Newsdesk 90:09 Hotel du Lac 01:15 AIDS Phone-in

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1360 & SW 7200, 9565, 1174, 11925 and 15210 Hz

05:00 News 05:10 VOA Morning 05:30 95:00 News U5:18 VOA Moraing 05:38 News Summary/VOA Moraing 06:30 News Summary/VOA Moraing 07:30 News 97:10 VOA Moraing 07:30 News Summary/VOA Moraing 07:30 News Summary/VOA Moraing 08:06 News Simmary/VOA Moraing 17:00 News 17:10 New Horizons and News Products 17:30 States VOA Morning 17:00 News 17:10 New Horizons and New Products 17:30 Studio One 18:00 News 18:10 Encounter 18:30 Special English News & Features 19:00 News 19:10 Critic's Choice 19:30 Issues in the News 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 20:30 Special English News & Features 21:00 News 21:10 Sunday Report 21:30 Music USA Standards 22:00 News & Editorial 22:15 The Concert Hall 23:00 News 23:10 New Horizons and New Products 23:30 Studio One

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

TODAY'S EVENTS

 An exhibition of plastic arts marking the University of Jordan's silver jubilee at the university (until March 4).

An art exhibition by Andul Naser Odeh at the Jordanian plastic artists association in Jabal Luweibdeh (until Manual 20

CINEMA

"Paris Texas" at 8:00 p.m. at the . French Cultural Centre. **CULTURAL CENTRES**

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 66102677 British Council 636147/8
French Cultural Centre 637009
Goethe Institute 641993
Soviet Cultural Centre 644303
Spanish Cultural Centre 624049
Turkish Cultural Centre 639777
Haya Arts Centre Haya Aris Centre
Hussein Youth City
Y.W.C.A. 667181/6 Y.W.M.A. 664251 Amman Municipal Library 637111 Univ. of Jordan Library 843555

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium, Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th rout Madaba and Icrash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luwcibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128.

Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays, Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS Lions Amman Club, Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holilirst and third Wednesday at the Holi-day Inn, 1:30 p.m.

Lious Philadelphia Clab, Meetings ev-ery second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club, Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

Rotary Club, Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m.

CHURCHES St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Amunicistion (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel.

637440.

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757.

Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic),
Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30
p.m. Tel: 622366

Church of the Ameunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541.

Anglican Church (Church of the Re-

deemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906. Armenian Catholie Church Ashrafieh, Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fich, Tel. 775261.

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafich. Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Barries School in Sharekowi Ten Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. <u>677</u>534. Evangelical Lutheran Church Jabal Amman, 6th Circle. (Rev. N. Smir), Tel. 811295.

PRAYER TIMES

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian information department at the Queen Alia International Auport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

AIRPORT

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

...... Aqaba (RJ) . Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Doha, Bahrain (RJ) 16:30 Cairo, Aqaba (RJ) 17:30 New York, Amsterdam, London

17:46 Athens (RJ)
18:95 Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ)
18:05 Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna Madrid, Rome (RJ) 28:40 Pariș, Geneva (RJ) Baghdad (RI) OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Bucharest (RO)

Bichares (KC)
Berlin, Larnaca (IF)
Cairo (MS)
Kuwait (LN)
Baghdad (IA)
Jeddah (SV) 12:50 Muscat, Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF) Kuwait (KU) .. Dubai (EK) Athens, Damascus (OA)
Frankfurt (LH)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

...... Aqaba (RJ) Tunis, Casabianca (RJ) Vienna, New York (RJ) Cairo (RJ) Kuwait, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Kuala Lumpur, Singapore (RJ)

Baghdad (RJ)

Jeddah (RJ) 21:00 Damaseus (RI Cairo (RJ) 21:15

FOR THE TRAVELLER OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Tripoti (LN)
Baghdad (IA)
Bahrain, Abu Dhabi; Muscat 13:00 13:30 14:00 (GF) Kuwait (KU) ... Dubai (EK) .. Sana'a (LH)

MONEY EXCHANGE

Saturday rates Local sell/buy rates in fils 89.4/ 90.3 163.7 165.3 55.6/ ... 26/ 56.1 26.3 Italian lira 👑 Italian lira 26/ 26:3 Japanese yen (for 100) 220.7/ 222.9 Swedish crown 52.3/ 52.8

WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be foggy in the morning, but the condition will improve gradually. An increase in temperature is ex-pected, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy, with northerly moderate winds

Min./max. temp

9/23 Yesterday's high temperatures: Am-man 9, Aqaba 20. Humidity readings: Amman 94 per cent, Aqaba 35 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. GENERAL **EMERGENCIES**

. 661111

Civil Defence rescue Municipal water complaints 771125/8 Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60

HOSPITALS

Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3 775111/26 891611/15 ... 674155

Jordan Television ... Radio Jordan Ministry of Tourism Hotel complaints ... Hotel complaints
Price complaints Telephone Information

Jordan and Middle East calls

Overseas calls **NIGHT DUTY**

Salam Pharm Salam Pharmacy
Neiroukh Pharmacy
Khaisf pharmacy
Firas pharmacy
Saheb pharmacy
Himawi pharmacy 723672 845876 TAXIS: Al Wahda taxi Khaldoun taxi Ahli tazi 6Z1127 Hiyam taxi Balasemah taxi Bahrain taxi ... Dr. Subhi Hamda

Complete the state of the state

MARKET PRICES

Upper/lower price in fils per kig.	Gartic (dry) 600 / 500
ple (All kinds) 310 / 270 1302 / 270	Grapefruit
320 / 270	Leanon 100 / 70
ana (Mukammar) 270 / 220	Marrow 110 / 70
as	Onion (dry) 180 / 140
ad beans 110 / 80	Onion (green) 290 ! 160
troot100'/ 70'	Orange (Abu Surta) 280 / 220
bage 70 / 40	Orange (Shammouti) 260 / 200
rot (black) 130 / 100	Peas 340 / 300 Pepper (hot) 460 / 300
rot (yellow) 100 / 70	Pepper (hot)
liflower (yellow) 120 / 80	report (Sweet)
liflower (white) 60 / 30	Potato animamana TAU LO
staut 500 / 400	Raddish 90 / 60
ambers 150 / 100	Raddish 90 / 60 Spinach 80 / 50
plant (smsll)	Tomatoes
plant (large)	Turnip 90 / 60

A J. (All I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Constitution of
Appec (All Elikos) 310 / 270	Graperius
Apple (All kinds) 310 / 270 Banana 320 / 270	Grapefruit
Banana (Mukammar) 270 / 220	Marrow 11
Beans 450 / 380	Onion (dry) 18
Broad beans 110 / 80	Onion (green)
Bestroot100'/ 70'	Orange (Abu Surta) 28
Cabbage 70 / 40	Orange (Shammouti) 26
Carrot (black) 130 / 100	Peas
Carrot (yellow) 100 / 70	Pepper (hot) 48
Canliflower (yellow) 120 / 80	Pepper (sweet)
Cauliflower (white) 60 / 30	Potato
Chestmut 500 / 400	Raddish 9
Overaginers 150 / 100	Scinach 8
Egyplant (small) 120 / 80	Tomatocs 12
Eggplant (large)	Tomatocs 12
-001.2 - (1.184) sentitivement 1901 (0.	

* Jump the sign, pay a fine

tions and highway traffic patrol units around the country will today launch a campaign to ensure that motorists respect regulations concerning priorities and vehicles' rights of way on the roads in accordance with traffic regula-

A spokesman for the Public Security Department (PSD) said that motorists should abide by all regulations, especially those concerning overtaking and giving priority to pedestrians at pedestrian crossings, vehicles in official processions, ambulances and vehicles belonging to the Civil

AMMAN (J.T.) - Police sta- Defence Department and patrol units. Also, priority should be given to vehicles on main streets and vehicles should stop and give priority to others wherever there is a stop sign at a junction, the spokesman added.

> Police departments around the country, in cooperation with highway patrol units, conducted a campaign between Feb. 15 and 24 to clamp down on drivers overtaking other cars in a manner violating traffic rules. More than 12,500 fines were issued to violators in the Amman area during

Driver dies in explosion after straying into minefield

AMMAN (J.T.) — One man was field where it hit the mine. killed and another injured in a land mine explosion in the Jordan Valley region and, according to a spokesman for the Shuneh police station, the incident took place in a no-man's zone which is mined.

The driver, a Kuwaiti national on a picnic in the area, lost his way and entered an anti-personnel mine field by mistake where he hit a mine that caused the car to blow up and burn killing the driver, 27-year old Zakaria Abdul Majid Abu Rumman, and injuring another passenger, Mazen Sweiti, the spokesman

The Public Security Department (PSD) reported the incident on Friday night. A report by the Jordan News Agency, Pet-ra said that the driver lost control over his car which ran off the main road and entered the mine

The injured man is now being treated at Salt Government Hos pital and, according to a hospital sookesman, he is suffering from several fractures in his arms and legs. The spokesman told the Jordan Times that Mr. Sweiti will take at least four months to heal

Artillery shell injures picnickers

According to the Public Security Department, an artillery shell blew up when it was thrown onto a fire cooking a meal for family on a picnic in the Sweimeh district of the Jordan Valley region on Friday. The department said that the shell was found by a small boy playing in the area. The explosion injured a woman and another member of the family.

UDD awards Marqa housing project for low income families

Development Department (UDD) is building a housing estate for low income families in Marqa at a cost of JD 1,682,700 to be covered through loans from the World Bank and the Housing

According to Dr. Hisham Al Zagha, the director general of the UDD, the project is to be completed in two years and will comprise 664 housing units on a 245 dunum piece of land. The beneficiaries will be low income families. Dr. Zagha said in a state-

He said that the UDD has

AMMAN (Petra) — The Urban will include civil defence and vocational training centres, and schools for boys and girls in addition to other basic services. The tender will be awarded to a construction firm in May, Dr. Zagha

In addition, Dr. Zagha said that the UDD plans to build housing estates during this year in a number of regions, including a project at Umm Nuwwara. The tender will be announced as soon as the documents have been completed, he said.

Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment He said that the UDD has Yousef Hamdan and the director already announced a tender for of the company which will carry the implementation of the civil out the project signed the conworks at the project site which tract in Amman.

Antiquities from historical asite to go on display in Belgium

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Jordanian archaeological exhibition of antiquities from the historical site of Udhruh in the south will open on March 7 at the Royal Belgian Museum of Arts and History. The event has been organised by the Department of Antiquities in cooperation with a British archaeological mission. On display at the exhibition, which will run until the end of April, will be Roman, Byzantine and Islamic antiquities as well as maps and photos which relate the history of this important village, located between Ma'an and Petra in the southern region of Jordan.

The historical village of Udhruh used to serve as a caravan station during the Nabatean age and ws transformed into a military camp in the Third Century A.D. Department of Antiquities sources said that the exhibition will later be held in a number of European museums. The event ws held in British museums last year within the framework of existing cooperation between Jordan and European Community (EC) countries.

An exhibition of Jordanian antiquities and history was also organised at the Luxembourg Museum in Paris on Nov. 25. The exhibition moved back to Amman on Jan. 25, 1987 and is expected to be displayed again in Cologne, West Germany, in

wi said that the job descriptions

were necessary in the course of

implementing the ministry's new plans to update its services and

within the plans to decentralise

Education committee draws up job descriptions for departments

AMMAN (Petra) — The Minis- ter of Education Thougan Hindatry of Education's education committee held a meeting on Saturday to discuss working papers dealing with job descriptions for the ministry's various depart-

The departments in question are finance, curriculum, educational supervision, cultural relations, student affairs and general

administration. Addressing the meeting, Minis-

various departments. The minister said that the various departments will be aiming to raise the standard and efficiency of their staff in a bid to help promote the educational process

Corporation processing applications for units at Abu Nuseir estate

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Housing revised the prices of housing units Corporation is now involved in processing applications from civil servants wishing to purchase housing units at the Abu Nuseir housing estate, Housing Corpora-tion Director Shafiq Zawaideh announced on Saturday. He said that the distribution of units will be based on the applicants' length of service in the government, number of family members and

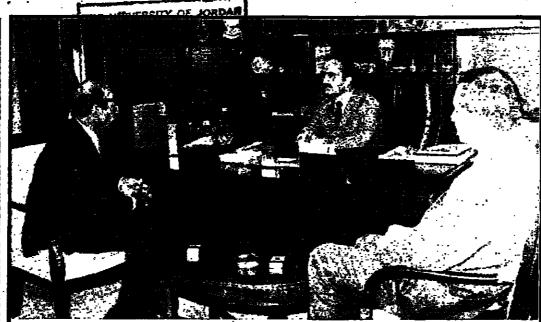
other factors. The Housing Corporation has so far received 2,200 applications for the housing units and the door will remain open for more applications until March 15, in implementation of a government

decision which said applications would be taken for three months, Mr. Zawaideh said. On Feb. 15 the government

at the Abu Nuseir estate and decided on a number of other measures to make it easier for beneficiaries to pay their instal-

Since then, the Housing Corporation has been inundated with applications for ownership of the

vacant units. The beneficiaries have now been exempted from paying a down payment and will not have to cover the cost of additional public services. They may also spread their monthly instalment payments over 30 years instead of 25. The Housing Corporation has provided basic services and transport facilities for the residents and is building roads to further facilitate transportation from and to the Abu Nuseir estate. country, Dr. Khreis added.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Saturday calls at the prime minister's office

REGENT VISITS PRIME MINISTRY — for talks with Prime Minister Zaid Rifai. The meeting was attended by Chief of the Royal Court Marwan Al Qasem (Petra photo)

Canadian parliamentarians conclude visit

By Sa'ad G. Hattar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A group of Canadian parliamentarians on Saturday wound up a several-day visit to Jordan during which they held talks with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and senior Jordanian officials. The talks between the five-

member delegation and Jordanian officials covered means and ways of boosting bilateral trade relations and broadening the scope of cooperation in all fields.

In a press conference after a visit to the Israeli-occupied Arab territories, head of the Canadian delegation Senator Lorne Bonnell said that the Israeli coalition government led by Yitzhak Shamir, the Likud leader, may well "break up over the issue of convening an international peace conference on the Middle East." The clash between the Israeli premier and his foreign minister Shimon Peres, the Labour Party leader, is said to be reaching a head over prospects for convening such a conference, Dr. Bonnell said. He told reporters on Wednesday evening that he expected government elections to

RSS president in Cairo for talks on energy cooperation

CAIRO (Petra) — Royal Scientific Society (RSS) President Jawad Al Anani arrived in Cairo on Saturday for a four-day visit to Egypt during which he will hold talks with concerned Egyptian officials on ways of further strengthening and bolstering cooperation between Jordan and Egypt in energy fields, especially solar and wind energy.

In an arrival statement to reporters at Cairo international airport, Dr. Anani said that the visit is in implementation of a protocol signed between the two countries and is a continuation of joint cooperation and coordination between them in the fields of electricity, energy, scientific research, and

renewable energy.

He also noted that joint cooperation in these fields is already underway. Dr. Anani added that the two sides will also discuss the possibility of setting up joint ven-tures in energy fields in cooperation with advanced countries and that they will first start with West Germany. The visit is at the invitation of Egyptian Minister of Electricity and Energy Maher

Arab doctors to establish health centre in Khartoum

AMMAN (Petra) - President of the Jordanian Medical Association (JMA) Hassan Khreis returned to Amman on Saturday after attending the higher council meeting of the Arab Doctors Federation (ADF), which concluded in Khartoum on

In a statement upon returning to Amman, Dr. Khreis said that the council members unanimously decided to ask Egypt to re-join the ADF.

The council also decided to establish a health centre in Khartoum in an effort to contribute towards the improvement of health conditions in Sudan, Dr. Khreis continued. He said the centre will be run by the ADF in cooperation with Sudan's doctors' association and will be financed by all Arab medical associations. The JMA will contribute to the work of the new centre by dispatching a mission of physicians and specialists to Sudan to offer medical services to victims of drought and famine in that

take place in Israel should the Ekias Freij and a number of present coalition government col-

During their stay in Amman, the Canadian delegation also held talks with Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Ahmad Al Lawzi and Lower House Speaker Akef Al Fayez on means of boosting parliamentary ties between the two

Support for King Hussein

Members of the delegation voiced their support for His Majesty King Hussein's endeavours to convene an international peace conference to reach a peaceful settlement to the Middle East conflict. Dr. Bonnell said his fellow parliamentarians would ask their government to increase financial assistance earmarked for the Arab inhabitants of the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Prospects of funding development projects envisaged in the Kingdom's five-year development plan for both banks of Jordan will also be followed up, the Canadian parliamentarians told reporters.

During their visit to the occupied territories, the parliamentarians met with Bethlehem Mayor

Palestinian lawyers, journalists and public figures. They also made field visits to the Palestinian refugee camps in the Gaza

Regarding trade cooperation between Jordan and Canada, the delegation's talks focused on prospects of increasing the volume of bilateral trade. The trade balance is currently in Canada's favour.

Canada is contemplating the prospect of increasing trade exchange with Jordan, said Senator Bonnell. He said that his country was interested in importing Jordanian agricultural produce and certain types of fertilisers, including sulphuric acid. In return, Jordan would import Canadian wheat and technical equip-

Flights to Montreal

Senator Bonnell noted that bilateral cooperation was expected to be further boosted this year by the introduction of an air link between Amman and Montreal in Canada. The national carriers of the two countries are currently discussing the new air route, he

Swareddahab visits television company

AMMAN (Petra) - Field Marshal Abdul Rahman Swareddahab, former head of the military council in Sudan, who is currently on a visit to Jordan, Saturday visited the Jordanian Company for Television, Radio and Film production. He was briefed by the company's chairman of the board of directors and director general Jawad Maraqa on its development and advanced technical capabilities. Field Marshal Swareddahab also toured the company's engineering sections and studios and met technicians and staff working at the company.

Dudin holds talks with Freij

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Marwan Dudin Saturday held a meeting with Bethlehem Mayor Elias Freij to review the situation of Bethlehem Municipality and its development projects. Mr. Dudin stressed his ministry's keenness to help implement pressing and necessary projects in the occupied Arab territories, especially projects which serve the largest possible sector of Arab citizens.

Khayyat arrives in Cairo

CAIRO (Petra) - Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat arrived in Cairo on Saturday to take part in a conference on housing in the Islamic world. The conference is organised by Azhar University in cooperation with the United Nations Fund for Population Activities (UNFPA). The conference will discuss subjects pertaining to the development of human resources in the Islamic world, population growth, the protection of children and mothers and other related topics as well as conditions in the occupied Arab territory.

CAEU to attend meeting on technology

AMMAN (Petra) — The Amman-based Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) is to take part in a meeting by experts on technology and development which is due to open in Kuwait on Monday. The experts will discuss a working paper on trade relations and the transfer of technology, patterns of existing industries, their needs of technology and foreign trade among other important topics. Taking part in the three-day meeting are experts from various Arab countries and regional and international organisations.

Madaba hospital gets incubator unit

MADABA (Petra) — The Health Ministry has set up an incubator unit at Madaba Government Hospital, according to Dr. Haitham Haddad, the hospital's director. He also said that the number of beds has been increased by 14 and that the hospital offers services to the city's residents and neighbouring regions. At present, the ministry is building an annex to the hospital to serve as a theatre room at a cost of JD 25,000, Dr. Haddad said.

Local products to get more exposure

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordan trade centres corporation plans to organise four exhibitions of national industries in Arab capitals during this year with the dual aim of boosting Jordanian exports and introducing new Jordanian products to Arab markets. The corporation's director general Ghazi Diab said that the four exhibitions will be organised in Tunis during June, in Cairo during July, in Sana'a during September and in Jeddah during October.

Symposium hears facts, figures on drugs, addiction in Jordan

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Minister of Health Zaid Hamzeh Saturday called on all the concerned parties to join in efforts to stem the steadily increasing use of drugs in the Kingdom.

In an opening speech to a symposium on drugs, Dr. Hamzeh said that the increase in drug abuse is against Jordanian society's religious and social morals. He said that although the problem is a new one in Jordan, it should be stopped before it grows otherwise it will become more difficult to solve.

The minister noted that the Public Security Department (PSD) has been doing a good job in combatting drug smuggling into Jordan. But he called on all other concerned parties - private sector doctors, families, educational institutions, and son on - to treat and help users and to warn non-users against the harm-ful effects of drugs. He said: "The problem should not be hidden. Drug addiction is an illness which can and should be treated."

Dr. Mawyeh Bakri, president of the Arab Women Graduates Club which organised the daylong symposium, said that the seminar was a first step towards establishing the extent of the drug problem in Jordan and to find solutions to the problem.

The morning session of the seminar included three working papers, first presented by the head of the anti-narcotics department at the PSD, Colonel Hashem Qaisi who reviewed the dimensions of the drug problem

Col. Qaisi went on to explain that drug smuggling and dealing began to increase gradually in Jordan, which was and still is used as a transit point for drugs. However, 20 per cent of the drugs coming through the Kingdom stay in the country, he added. The colonel said that members

of the public are usually cooperative with his department and have helped investigations into several cases of hashish dealing. "If we want to stop drugs from getting on to the streets, we must find and arrest the dealers. And citizens must cooperate with us to achieve this," he underlined.

be careful about their reports on the problem: "This could easily

smoke hashish to satisfy their he said,

Col. Qaisi said that in 1985, 601 people — Jordanians, Arabs and foreigners — were arrested for drug use and selling hashish, heroin, opium, and pills. In 1986, the number of people arrested. also from different countries, went down to 286. In the first two months of this year, 67 people were caught dealing with different types of drugs.

Medical aspects

Dr. Mohammad Shreim, director of the health education department at the Ministry of Health, explained the medical aspects of drug abuse. He said that difficult circumstances and the social background of a person could lead to drug abuse. The doctor said that in order to prevent a person from using drugs, the family environment must be

Dr. Shreim added that a 1979 study in Jordan showed that 40 per cent of those who turned to drugs did so because of socioeconomic reasons. The study also showed that 31 per cent of addicts were illiterate; 22 per cent had an elementary education; 19 per cent a middle school education, 17 per cent had high school education and 13 per cent were university graduates. The doctor went on to say that the study also showed that 48 per cent of drug addicts had served prison terms for other crimes and 12 per cent had spent time in rehabilitation centres.

General survey

Dr. Shreim said that the national committee for combat- for some time to make sure he ting drugs — which includes rep- does not return to taking drugs.

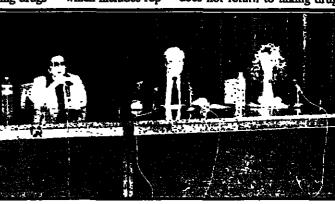
ministries, universities, and the private sector — started taking steps towards obtaining as much information as possible on the drug problem through a complete general survey. He said that this survey was necessary for planning, identifying objectives, and executing a drug prevention cam-

In his lecture, Dr. Ahmad Khalaf, a neuro-psychiatrist, outlined methods used to cure different forms of drug addiction. He said that an addict does not need sympathy or affection as much as he needs sincere love and professional help to overcome his addiction. He said that a doctor must learn everything about the addict's life and relationships in

order to achieve this. The psychiatrist explained that one of the ways to cure someone addicted to hard drugs (such as heroin) is by "cold turkey." This is when an addict does not take any drugs at all and has to overcome a physical and mental craving for narcotics. He said this withdrawal period is very painful for an addict and could last up to

After an addict's physical rehabilitation, Dr. Khalaf said that in order to psychologically cure an addict, a doctor must try to help the patient get to know his original personality again. The doctor said another way is to let the patient find out for himself what social instability could have led to his use of drugs.

Dr. Khalaf added that one step would be to change his job if he was unhappy with it. The doctor also said that after a patient is cured and leaves the hospital, he must be kept under surveillance



Minister of Health Zaid Hamzeh Saturday addresses a one-day symposium on drugs and addiction in Jordan (Petra photo)

Murphy due in Mideast next week, Abdul Meguid says

(Continued from page 1)

U.S. views on the international conference were well known. They are that direct Israeli-Arab talks are the most vital step to peace, and that if an international conference would achieve this it could be considered.

In Geneva, a Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official on Friday ruled out the possibility of an international conference this year and said he did not was unlikely to agree to take part. "foresee it for some time to

Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the PLO's Political Department and the organisation's foreign policy spokesman, said at a press conference the PLO supported international talks "as one of the main means" to bring peace to the Middle East.

He stressed, however, that the sored talks and noted that Israel possible."

Mr. Kaddoumi took issue with a statement Friday by Mr. Peres that the PLO "has excluded itself in our judgment" from the

Mideast peace process. "He is not a party who should judge whether we should be in the process of peace. It is the PLO," Mr. Kaddoumi said.

Asked whether an international peace conference could be held PLO has called for U.N.-spon- this year, he said: "No, it is not

Reagan praises ex-chief of staff as Baker prepares to move in. his presidential ambitions.

(Continued from page 1)

Reagan's management style. Mr. Reagan took some of the heat off himself with the appointment of Mr. Baker, 61, who gave up his own presidential ambitions to take the White House job. Democratic Senator Edward Kennedy, who also had White

inspired choice." "It would have taken Howard Baker about one second to veto the arms deal with Iran," Mr. Kennedy said.

House aspirations at one time,

said Mr. Reagan had made "an

Mr. Baker, a moderate conservative, became Senate Republican leader in 1977. He resigned from the Senate in 1985 to pursue

He formally ended his undeclared campaign for the Republican presidential nomination on Friday, saying his duties as White House chief of staff would make it inappropriate for him to con-Mr. Reagan on Friday called

Mr. Baker "a man of unquestioned integrity and ability." In continuing contentions over

the Iran arms deal, Abba Eban, chairman of an Israeli commission investigating the affair, said Friday that Israel assisted the United States in the sales of arms in the belief they had been approved by President Reagan. Obviously, most of the responsibility concerning the affair

lies with the United States." Mr. Eban said, referring to the Tower Commission's report.

Mr. Eban, a former Israeli foreign minister, told a news conference the presidential commission report made clear the United States was seeking the release of hostages in the Middle East and a link to influential officials in Iran.

"It is our right to sell arms to Iran," Mr. Eban said. "When the operation began in 1985, we assisted the United States to secure its interest in Iran by making dealings in September, 1985, and thereafter.

"Israel did this under the conviction it had been approved and asked for by the United States president," he said.

Lebanese and Syrian leaders discuss west Beirut security plan

(Continued from page 1)

Suleiman Franjieh. He said he was happy to see murderers and thieves disappear from the city streets."

The United States said Friday that Syria had assumed a grave responsibility in moving to help end fighting in Beirut. But, in a statement issued by the State Department, it also

stressed that this effort to bring law and order to the streets must be followed by reforms that restore Lebanese central government authority. "In deploying troops into west

Beirut, the Syrian government has announced it will assist the legally-constituted authorities of Lebanon in restoring order to the city, which we believe is an important obligation," spokes-woman Phyllis Oakley told repor-

"This police function is a grave responsibility," she said. However, Oakley also said that "without immediate progress on long-term political and security reforms which enjoy the support

of all Lebanese communities, restoration of the effective authority of the Lebanese government throughout the country — the foundation of Lebanon's sovereignty, unity and independence — cannot be achieved."

She reiterated the long-standing U.S. position that all foreign forces should withdraw from Lebanon but, as with other official U.S. comments recently, refrained from criticising the Syrian action.

At a congressional hearing on Tuesday, Secretary of State George Shultz suggested the Syrian intervention was welcome, as least as a short-term measure. There are at least 25 fore-

igners, including eight Americans, held hostage in Lebanon and some officials and analysts are hopeful that the Syrians could win their release.

A senior Syrian intelligence officer has said Syria continued to ges' safety was very important. seek freedom for foreign hostages in Lebanon, but did not know where they were held and would weigh carefully any move to rescue them by force.

"It is a humanitarian issue. We have not in the past and will not now spare any effort to solve this problem," Brigadier Ghazi Kanaan, Syria's military intelligence

chief in Lebanon, told Reuters

and the Visnews television agen-

cy on Friday.

"We have no information on the whereabouts of the hostages," he said in an interview at Syrian headquarters in Beirut's seafront Ramlet Al Baida dis-

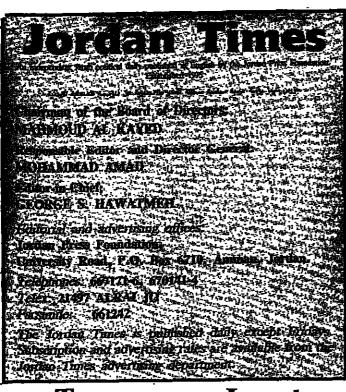
A senior Lebanese militia official has said most of the 27 foreigners now missing in Lebanon, including British church envoy Terry Waite, are held by the

Iranian-backed Hizbollah. Hizbollah denies any links with kidnappers of foreigners.

Asked if the Syrians would use force to rescue foreign hostages should they deploy in the suburbs, Brig. Kanaan said the host-

"This problem requires the utmost in careful, mature and accurate handling, to achieve a positive result and avoid causing

any harm," he said.



Tower over Israel

WITH the resignation of his Chief of Staff Donald Regan, President Ronald Reagan seems to have found a convenient scapegoat for the debacle of the U.S. arms sales to Iran. Citing the Tower Commission report, which was released on Thursday, the U.S. president expressed his anger over the way his chief of staff and other assistants behaved during the process of trading arms for hostages with the Iranians. But perhaps Mr. Reagan and others in the United States should look closer at the commission's findings.

In the report, it is true that the conduct of Mr. Reagan's advisers, and Mr. Reagan himself, are criticised. But it is also true that the findings go beyond this to stress the intimate role of Israel in the whole clandestine affair. To be sure, Israel's involvement had been discussed before, most notably in the U.S. Senate's report on the scandal. The Tower Commission. however, has presented new information about the extent of Israeli participation, including even Israel's baking a cake for Robert McFarlane to take to Tehran.

According to the report, Iranian businessman Manucher Ghorbanifar, a major intermediary in the arms-for-hostages trade, was pressed on the U.S. by Israel. And, from the beginning of the arms sales, Lt.-Col. Olive. North was in constant consultations with Israelis, both high-ranking officials and arms dealers. As one of the commission members, Brent Scowcroft, said following the release of the report: "There is no question that Israel encouraged, if it did not initiate, this policy and that they did whatever they could when it appeared to be flagging from time to time to renew its vigour."

This intimate involvement of Israel in the Iran arms sales was coupled with Israeli assistance to U.S. officials in diverting funds to the Nicaraguan contras. Col. North and Israeli Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin worked together to send arms and ammunition to the contras, despite a U.S. law prohibiting such action. In fact, a ship was sent to the port of Haifa late lastyear, loaded with Israeli military personnel and weapons, and then sent to Central America. It was recalled only when it appeared that the whole intrigue would become public.

It may well be futile to highlight such facts considering the American soft spot to Israeli transgressions. But, at the risk of stating the obvious, it appears that Israel dragged the U.S. into a policy which Israel had determined to be in its interest, and laws. With this in mind, we can only wonder at the extent of American tolerance for Israeli arrogance; but if the Iran arms scandal is any indication, it appears that such tolerance is limitless. Instead of making Donald Regan the scapegoat, perhaps the American government and the American people would be well advised to re-examine the U.S.' reliance on Israel for its Middle East policy. Or is this too much to ask of

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: France leads peace move

WE are satisfied to learn of the imminent French diplomatic moves aimed at corroborating the European Community's recent declara-tion on the Middle East. France plans to hold contacts with Washington and Moscow to follow up on the European declaration that endorses the idea of an international conference to bring lasting peace to the Middle East. We are deeply satisfied to learn that the coming French moves hinge on the implementation of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 which provide for Israel's withdrawal from the occupied Arab territory. This means that France is serious about putting the European declaration into practice, and also means that France wants to offer the U.S. administration a fresh opportunity to assume a positive attitude towards the proposed conference. The U.S. administration which on Thursday issued a call for international efforts to end the Iran-Iraq war is clearly concerned with regaining credibility. For this to happen, Washington ought to take a constructive attitude towards the Arab-Israeli conflict and should seek to establish a just peace in

Al Dustour: Western bias

PRINCE Hassan has noted in a message to a conference on violence and politics in Cairo that the Western nations have been deliberately linking Arabs and Muslims with world violence. He said that such linkage has not only appeared in the Western press but also expressed by Western leaders. The orchestrators of this campaign in the West try to present the Arabs and Muslims as people born with a tendency towards violence, and that they have inherited this character and now are putting it into practice in their daily lives. It is definitely not ignorance of the true situation that prompts such falsehoods because the Western nations have ruled the Arabs and Muslims in the colonial era and know a lot about these people and their countries. Those responsible for such campaigns on the Araband Muslims try to mislead the world by their attacks and by overlooking the real motives behind any form of violence in this part of the world. In his message Prince Hassan made it clear that the Western nations bear a great deal of the responsibility for what is happening at present, and the continued violence and struggle that prevail in this region.

Sawt Al Shaab: Saudis campaign for summit

SAUDI Arabia is to be strongly commended for its sincere efforts aimed at convening an Arab summit conference which would help re-build solidarity among Arab states. These efforts are being made at a time when international efforts continue for convening an international conference on the Middle East and as the situation in Lebanon is stabilising and the Iranian aggression continuing to recede. It should be noted that an Arab summit and a strong Arab stand at this particular moment is of vital importance because the Arabs need a concerted stand with which to confront these issues and bring an end to all problems that plagued the Arabs for so long. The Arabs are in dire need of a unity of ranks for the sake of handling all forms of pressure on them and all forms of aggression and for ending

Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Fanek

Both sides are right in democratic debate

DURING the last few months, parliament has witnessed a number of extensive and heated debates over governmental supplementary expenditure. In fact, parliament had to grapple with the arduous task of going through, and approving, all supplementary budgetary additions that were introduced by previous governments during

The debates highlighted two conflicting issues: First, parliament's responsibility and authority to control public spending, and second, the government's need to avoid delays in pushing forward its development projects and honouring its financial commitments.

The two conflicting issues are not necessarily contradictory. It is quite possible to abide by the constitution, and the budget law while at the same time allowing the government to perform properly. Those who oppose the supplementary budget practice assert that

public funds could not be legally spent, for any purpose, except by virtue of a law. This constitutional ruling is not subject to interpretations. It guarantees people's representatives the right to the appropriations before actual disbursement. Otherwise the budget would not be obligatory to the government. Those in favour of supplementary budgets maintain that re-

venues and expenditure, as stated in the budget, are no more than a rough estimation of revenues and expenditures. They say that unforeseen circumstances may arise after the initial approval of the budget which may call for further government allocations. Certain specific examples were given: The fuel subsidy for 1984 was estimated in the budget at JD 14.5 million but actually it exceeded JD 36.9 million. No subsidy for agricultural products was estimated in the 1984 budget, but ultimately it reached JD 4.2 million. The solution of Abu Nseir housing project has cost the government some JD 30 million for which the budget has no allocations. Another example is fluctuations in exchange rate where the

equivalent in Jordan dinars of the foreign debt service depends on the exchange rate prevailing on the day of transfer. Those who oppose budget supplements, especially if presented after actual overspending, are citing the constitution as interpreted by the higher legislative council. They are not therefore ready to accept a

A case study of one example of government supplementary budgets is 1984 fuel subsidy. The fact that OPEC prices were not increased by one cent, and the quantity consumed was normal. This meant that the shortage in subsidy appropriation was well known at the time of drafting and approving the budget. If the purpose of reducing the amount stated in the budget, was meant to reduce artificially the deficit of the budget, such example becomes unconvincing. However, it is believed that the reason for reducing fuel subsidy appropriation in 1984 to only JD 14.5 million was based on the government's intention to raise the prices of fuel as of April of that year that is at the end of the cold season. In this case the budget figure should in effect, have been a decision by the government endorsed by parliament to raise the fuel prices and decrease subsidy, without going through the practice of a budget

The fact that the budget did not set aside any amount to subsidise agricultural products is a clear cut decision. This must be obligatory to the government. If the government, later on, changes its mind and finds out that the public's interest dictates such a subsidy, then it should draft a law for the purpose stating not only the amount involved but also the standards and parameters for its disbursement and the method of finance.

What applies to agricultural subsidy equally applies to the JD 30 million appropriated to subsidise the inflated cost of the Abu Nseir

troubled housing project. It is for such expenditure that the constitution gave Parliament control over spending public money. In all the above examples, expense took place without the power of law, whether permanent or provisional.

As far as fluctuation of foreign exchange rates would affect the cost of debt service, the government may take one of two solutions. First, it can make a forward contract with the Central Bank to buy dollars or other currencies in advance at pre-agreed prices. The Central Bank is already in this business, and is doing it at the request of banks and financial institutions. Second, a contingent fund may be set aside in the budget to face loss on exchange, provided that the fund is not utilised for any other purpose.

The debate between the government and some senators and deputies is of legal and technical nature. The practical solutions are available and are being applied in constitutional countries. Everywhere the budget is an estimate, but nevertheless on obligatory estimate. The legislative branch is quite cooperative with the executive branch of the government. It is not expected to create problems or cripple the government by refusing extra appropriation if requested in time. In emergencies, the government has the constitutional right to issue provisional laws for the general interest of the state, if parliament was not in session. Under no circumstances can the government spend money without reference to a law

The lively debate is both interesting and healthy. It demonstrates the advantages of separating the three branches of state, and of adhering to the checks and balances embodied in the constitution - one of the most advanced constitutions in the Arab World. It is common knowledge that democracy means some inconveniences to the government, but it is worth the price.

One-time Watergate prober to help Reagan

By Evans Witt The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — Howard Henry Baker Jr., who stepped into the U.S. political spotlight during the Watergate soundal, is going to the White House to try to salvage another Republican administration reeling from its OWIR CRISIS.

Baker, an even-tempered politician from the southern state of Tennessee, has wanted to be president and was thinking about a bid in 1988. But he says he is giving up that ambition for now as President Ronald Reagan's new chief of staff, replacing Donald T. Regan.

A moderate Republican, Baker is well-known across the nation's Capitol. He spent three terms in the U.S. Senate and four years as the majority leader of the first Republican-controlled Senate in a quarter century.

His choice by Reagan brought praise from both Democrats and Republicans that he would help heal the wounds opened by the controversy over the administration's sales of arms to Iran and the diversion of funds to the contra rebels in Nicaragua.

It was in the omate Senate caucus room in 1973 that an earlier U.S. presidential scandal brought Baker to the nation's attention.

What did the president know and when did he know it?" he tax increase in 1982. The money asked over and over again during the Senate Watergate committee hearings as the layers of that of Congress from both parties complex cover-up peeled away. Balancing the demands of

loyalty to a president from his own party and his loyalty to the truth. Baker walked a careful line as vice chairman of the committee and won much praise for his efforts. The first popularly elected Re-

publican senator in Tennessee history, he honed the skills of moderation and mediation on Capitol Hill and won the Senate party leadership post first in 1977. Swept into the majority leader's job with the Reagan election of 1980, Baker played a key role

in the legislative successes in

Reagan's first term. He had doubts about Reagan's economic proposals. But he put his reservations aside and steered the president's tax and spending cuts and military buildup to passage in 1981.

At the same time, Baker did not hesitate to nudge Reagan when he thought it was appropriate. He teamed up with former Democratic House speaker Thomas P. O'Neill to enact a gasoline went to a public works programme, thereby satisfying members who were demanding increased

spending programmes to reduce soaring unemployment rates... Baker also earned the undying

opposition of many members of the conservative wing of the Republican Party. As minority leader, he helped assure passage of the controversial Panama Canal treaties negotiated by former President Carter, a Démocrat.

Baker was born Nov. 15, 1925, into a staunchly Republican and deeply political family. His father, Howard H. Baker Sr., served in the House of Representatives from 1951 until he died in January 1964. His stepmother,

and Senate Republican leader for ten years. They have two chil-Baker studied at Tulane University and the University of the South in Sewanee, and received his law degree from the Universi-

Tennessee sheriff.

ty of Tennessee in 1949. He was in the U.S. navy from 1943 until 1946, serving as a lieutenant junior grade and seeing action briefly aboard a PT boat in the South Pacific.

Irene Bailey Baker, won a special

election that year and served the

balance of her late husband's

term. His grandmother, Lillie

Ladd Mauser, once served as a

In 1951, Baker married Joy

Dirksen, whose father Republi-

can Everett McKinley Dirksen,

was a U.S. senator from Illinois

After practising law, Baker ran for the U.S. Senate seat vacated by the death of Democrat Estes Kefauver in 1964. But he lost to then-Democratic representative Ross Bass.

In 1966 he tried again, defeating Democratic governor Frank and again in 1986 and 1987, Bak-Clement in the Senate race. He er delayed and delayed inaking a was re-elected twice.

In 1980 Baker made a short- nomination.



Howard H. Baker

lived run at the Republican presidential nomination, announcing his candidacy Nov. 1, 1979, and withdrawing from the race March 5. 1980.

In 1984, Baker announced his retirement from the Senate, to take the time to practise law again and to work on a 1988 bid for the White House. But again final decision to run for the

Signs of a thaw in Sino-Soviet relations

By Stephen Nisbet

PEKING — China and the Soviet Union are a long way from re-solving their border differences but the fact they are talking about them shows progress in the once frosty relations between the two communist giants, diplomats said

Chinese Deputy Foreign Minisfrom Moscow, telling reporters on his arrival that the first round of border talks had been "a good beginning."
The discussions, which re-

sumed two weeks ago after a nine-year break, are an attempt at peaceful solution of grievances that go back to Czarist times along a land frontier that is the world's longest and among its most inhospitable.

Chinese and Soviet border

guards in fur hats and thick coats in some places face each other across frozen wastes in temperatures as low as minus 50 degrees centigrade.

The frontier has seen many armed clashes between the soldiers from the two sides, notably in 1969 when Soviet authorities registered almost 500 infringe-ments and skirmishes within three months.

Diplomats said the recent prog-

ress in arranging resumption of border talks reflected a more suited Peking to point to the conciliatory approach by Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

In a keynote speech last summr in the Far East Soviet port of Vladivostok, Mr. Gorbachev offered to redraw the Sino-Soviet frontier along the deepest part of the Amur river instead of along the Chinese shore.

The refusal to do this up to now ter Qian Qichen returned Feb. 24 has been one of the sorest territorial grievances voiced by Peking. A joint announcement at the end of Mr. Qian's talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze said discussions would resume in Peking at an

unspecified date, and would cover the whole length of the fron-tier, starting with the sensitive eastern zone. Diplomats said the Soviet side appeared in general more eager than the Chinese to bring about a

strong improvement in bilateral

One diplomat said Peking regarded other issues, such as the Soviet military presence in Afghanistan and above all Moscow's support for Vietnamese forces in Kampuchea, as blocking the way to far-reaching rapprochement with Moscow.

Another diplomat said China could afford to bide its time over Kampuchea. It was not directly

suited Peking to point to the fighting there as a reason for maintaining a certain coolness

towards Moscow.
"This helps China in its preferred policy - of modulating equidistance between it and the two superpowers" the diplomat

He said the present uncertainty lems in the Chinese leadership were not conducive to bold initiaimprovement in Sino-Soviet polition" talks between the two cuntries in the autumn.

critical of allied defence

Rogers repeatedly warned the

allies he would have to seek

authority to use nuclear weapons

within days rather than weeks if

the Warsaw Pact attacked, since

NATO forces could not sustain a

Galvin, raised in Wakefield,

Massachusetts, is like Rogers a

graduate of the U.S. military

He holds a master's degree in

English from Columbia Universi-

ty and was appointed by Reagan in 1985 as head of U.S. forces and

interests in Central and South

He has spoken out often in support of U.S. military aid to

contra guerrillas opposing the lef-

tist government in Nicaragua, re-

garded by Washington as a Soviet

Africa and the Caribbean.

proxy in the hemisphere.

academy at West Point.

New NATO supreme commander will be as outspoken as Rogers

spending.

long battle.

By Charles Aldinger

WASHINGTON — NATO's new military chief in Europe, 57-year-old army General John Galvin, wili be just as outspoken as the man he replaces, General Bernard Rogers, about having a strong defence in Western

Europe, the Pentagon says.
Galvin, currently chief of U.S. forces in Latin America, will move to Belgium in July to replace Rogers, 65, who has been supreme allied commander of North Atlantic Treaty Organisation forces in Europe since 1979.

Rogers, who has voiced concern at President Reagan's hope of removing nuclear missiles quickly from Europe and climinating all superpower ballistic missiles in 10 years, is being forced by Reagan to retire as one of the most popular allied commanders since Dwight Eisenhowет 37 years ago.

The new commander, who speaks German and Spanish, has served nine years in Western Europe in NATO posts, including that of chief of staff of the U.S. 3rd infantry division at Wurzburg, Germany.

In 1980, he was reassigned to the United States, returning to Stuttgart in 1983 as commander of the U.S. 7th army corps. In 1985, he became a full general.

Married with four daughters, he is not a dynamic speaker like Rogers, but a senior Pentagon official told Reuters: "Galvin will be just as outspoken - although perhaps more behind the scenes

- for a strong defence of Western Europe and for keeping up U.S. strength in the region."

He added: "I also think the allies will be surprised by Galvin's diplomatic and military

U.S. officials said while Galvin might not be as publicly insistent

and domestic ideological probtives in foreign policy. He said that for this reason the scope for tical relations might not be clear-er until after the next-but-one bi-annual session of "normalisa-

These talks, intended to explore ways of overcoming obstacles to better bilateral relations such as Kampuchea, fall due shortly after a major Chinese Communist Party conference scheduled for September.

That conference is expected to be the occasion for reshuffling China's leadership. One contender for top political office, Vice-Premier Li Peng, studied engineering in Moscow and is thought to be more at ease in dealing with Soviet officials than are some of

as Rogers on keeping more than 350,000 U.S. troops in Europe, he would also not be as openly

in the north Wednesday came after recent Polisario reports of three attacks further south, near the Mauritanian frontier. A statement from Moroccan

army headquarters in Rabat said Wednesday's battle involved an estimated 110 Polisario armoured vehicles in the area between Farsia and the oasis of Mahbess, 40 kilometres from the Algerian

Hopes for a breakthrough in negotiations for a peaceful settlement through a self-determination referendum rest with the

Polisario marks anniversary of self-proclaimed Saharan republic

By Charles Lambelin

ALGIERS — Polisario guerrillas this week celebrated the 11th anniversary of their proclaimed republic, but diplomats say there is no end in sight to the Western Sahara conflict over the territory.

The celebrations on Friday

took place against a background of renewed fighting reported by both sides in the desert war between the Algerian-backed guerrillas fighting for the independence of the territory and Moroccan troops.

The Saharan Arab Democratic Republic (SADR) was proc-laimed on February 27, 1976 in the easis of Bir Lahlon, the day Morocco officially took over administration of the phosphaterich former Spanish colony.

The SADR's "independence" celebrations usually take place near the oasis town of Tindouf, in south west Algeria, where tens of thousands of Saharan refugees live in four big tent camps in one of the world's most inhospitable

Hundreds of kilometres away,

Moroccan troops, who already control two thirds of the disputed territory, are pushing their de-fences further south to deny the guerrillas access to the Atlantic region where they have been attacking shipping off the coast. The Polisario said last week it inflicted heavy losses in a major battle with Moroccans building a new sand and stone defence line, known as the "sixth wall."

Morocco says its troops on Wednesday repelled an attack by Polisario guerrillas in armoured vehicles near the Algerian border in the northern part of the Western Sahara.

The sudden flareup in fighting

United Nations and the Organisa-

golese President Denis Sassouand Rabat and will discuss further peace moves with U.N. Secret- year produced few results. ary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

"The idea of a referendum is accepted by all the parties, it is only a matter of agreeing on conditions," Sassou-Nguesso said during a visit to London. The conditions are all-impor-

tant to the warring parties and no shift of position by either side is detected at the moment, diplomats in North Africa said.

Algeria and the Polisario ac-cuse Morocco of intransigence and of opting for a military escalation. They say that a fair referendum demands the prior withdrawal of Moroccan troops, administration and settlers. Rabat, which has made heavy

social and economic investments in the territory it considers an integral part of the kingdom, says the other side does not really

tion of African Unity (OAU). want a referendum and blocks it The OAU chairman, Con-by making unrealistic demands. Two preliminary rounds of in-Nguesso, has just visited Algiers direct talks between Morocco and the Polisario in New York last

> On the battlefield, Western military experts say Mórocco is in control of the situation, with at least 80,000 men manning the 1,600-kilometre: defence line and able to handle logistics for water, food, fuel and ammunition.

But a Polisario statement last week said Morocco's "strategy of defence lines is a failure and the new wall just one more stone in a shaky building on the verge of crumbling."

At a congress 15 months ago the Polisario modified its military strategy, abandoning battles involving tanks and artillery in favour of hit-and-run raids and harassment of Moroccan de-

The SADR is now recognised by 65 Third World countries and became a full OAU member in 1984.

LETTERS

No thanks

To the Editor:

As a regular British visitor to Jordan for 10 years, I strongly support Munir Y. Nasser, letter to the editor (Feb. 25) concerning

support Mainr 1. (vasser, letter to the equior (red. 25) concerning the prohibitive charges now imposed.

I had to pay U.K.£60.15 for my business visa, and I now face. the prospect of paying JD 7.00 (U.K.£13.40) for the privilege of leaving the country to visit Saudi Arabia, even though I will be a leaving the country to visit Saudi Arabia, even though I will be a leave to leaving the country to visit Saudi Arabia. return to Jordan, because I prefer to fly with Royal Jordanian. Jordan, you will not attract tourists and business conferences this way. Turkey and Egypt are excellent alternatives, Turkey having no visa charge and no airport tax. Egypt charges

U.K.£14.00 for a visa, and Cairo has excellent conference facilities and a wealth of antiquity which rivals that of Jordan.

Also, the appalling scheduling of Amman/Aqaba flights (06.45) means that incoming tourists from the London/Geneva flight are obliged to stay at the Alia Gateway Hotel, further adding to the

cost of the holiday.
I am sad, because I have truly enjoyed the times I have spent in Jordan, but it is the end for me. No more conferences here, and I am sure that organisers will see the benefit of avoiding the high visa cost and the airport tax. Multiplied by the thousands who attend world conferences each year, the savings will be tremendous. It is not that the alternatives are better, but Jordan has priced itself out of the market.

Goodbye, and thanks, but.... no thanks! Now, where's my JD

Roy Williams

Internecine warfare within the Swedish police and justice ministry, plus allegations of harassment and political chicanery. mean that apprehension of the murderer of Olof Palme is as far away as ever, says Kevin Done.

STOCKHOLM - A small mound of frozen red roses still marks the spot on a grey, icy pavement in the centre of Stockholm where Olof Palme, Sweden's prime minister, was killed by an assassin's bullet a year

A couple of hundred yards away in the graveyard of the Adolf Fredriks church, the snow is swept away from a grave whose headstone bears the simple signature, Olof Palme.

Twelve months after the assassination. Swedish police appear to be no nearer to finding the killer than when the first flowers were scattered on the bloodstained pavement where Mr. Palme fell.

The builets found by passersby within 48 hours of the murder remain the only concrete leads in

There is no murder weapon, no motive, no murderer - and in recent days, almost no murder

The investigation has ground ominously to a halt as a long festering feud between the police and the public prosecutor's office has burst into the open.

By turns, the Palme murder hunt has provided both nightmare and farce.

The chief public prosecutor in Stockholm has publicly cast doubt on the main line of investigation pursued by the police; the police have scorned alternative leads suggested by the prosecutors. And while the two arms of the law do battle, public concern is growing over whether a police force under extraordinary pressure to produce results may have violated the legal rights of

Concern has focused on alleged police harassment of Sweden's Kurdish minority, and in particular suspected sympathisers of the PKK, the Kurdish Workers' Party which the authorities have branded as a terrorist group.

Only days after the murder, a member of the security police warned: "We will pursue Kurds with a blow-lamp and stress and harass them to force a leak."

Since then, the feud between police and prosecutors has reached a near hysterical pitch. Furious prosecutors are understood to have accused the police, in the course of a secret meeting with Mr. Sten Wickbom, justice minister, of planning action against the Kurdish community which would rival the political detention campaign conducted by the Chilean junta after the overthrow of President Allende.

Mr. Ingvar Carlsson, prime minister, has so far managed to prevent the murder hunt feud turning into a political crisis for his government.

The opposition has shied away from scoring political points from the disarray; but the quality of Mr Carlsson's leadership is clearly on

Swedes, with a keen eye on their international image, have been deeply embarrassed by the fiasco. No event in recent history has had such a deep impact on the country as the assassination of the prime minister as he strolled home with his wife from the cinema.

The manner of the killing struck at the core of the country's open society. It was the sort of event which was unthinkable in Sweden. That the subsequent murder hunt should have degenerated into a public quarrel between the country's most senior legal officers has been a

demoralising experience. For a country which prides itself on giving asylum to the persecuted, the evidence of harassment of Kurdish refugees has been particularly dispiriting.

A certain degree of "creative tension" is built into the Swedish criminal investigation system: while the public prosecutor's office formally heads the investigation the police carry out the practical detective work. The two are supposed to work as a team - they have seldom done so in the current case.

From the start, the investigation was taken over personally by Mr. Hans Holmer, the controversial Stockholm police commissioner, effectively number two in the Swedish police hierarchy. Recently, Mr. Holmer was replaced at the helm by his boss Mr. Holger Romander, the national police commissioner. Ultimate responsibility for the hunt is now to be shared between Mr. Romander and Mr. Magnus Sjoberg, the national public pro-

It was Mr. Holmer's assumption of direct control at the outset which sparked the row with the public prosecutor's office.

The arrangement came under heavy strain in the first weeks of the hunt, as Mr. Holmer's suspicions moved heavily against a man who became known throughout Sweden as "the 33-

year-old." The man was charged with taking part in the murder, but within days was released for lack





Olos Palme

of firm evidence. Subsequently, Mr. K.G. Svensson, the senior prosecutor on the case, resigned, claiming that the 33-year-old's legal rights had been seriously

An investigation of the matter by Mr. Bengt Hamdahl, chancel-lor of justice, found that Mr. Holmer had failed to show "a necessary will to co-operate" with the prosecutor. He rejected claims that the 33-year-old's rights had been violated, but accused the police of "negligence" in the way they conducted identity parades with key eyewitnesses. The conflicts seemed above

all to have arisen from personal antagonism," he concluded. To try to balance the powerful

presence of the hard-bitten Mr. Holmer, the prosecutor's role was taken over last summer by Mr. Claes Zeime, the chief prosecutor in Stockholm. However, that relationship has proved equally unworkable.

Mr. Holmer fell almost too easily into the stereotype of the tough, handsome police chief, willing to bend the rules a bit for a just cause. With his love for leather jackets and jogging kit he stood out among his more conventionally dressed colleagues.

Early on, he created his own heroic imagery for describing thehunt. He spoke of a thousand candles burning — as one lead was eliminated and a light was extinguished, so another was lit. Later the inquiry became a trawler ploughing through heavy seas with Mr. Holmer as captain. A lighthouse flashing on the horizon told him he was on the right course.

Sweden wanted very much to believe him. The alternative was too hopeless.

Once suspicions against the 33year-old were discarded, the focus of the hunt was switched to what Mr. Holmer described as the "huvudspar", or main track.
Police imposed blanket sur-

veillance - including extensive telephone tapping — on a small section of the Kurdish immigrant community associated with the PKK, a Marxist-Leninist group established in Turkey in the 1970s to fight for an independent Kurdistan, a region presently divided between Iraq, Iran and

The PKK has been active in Sweden for several years. In 1984 and 1985, two defectors from the group were murdered by PKK sympathisers, one in the street in Uppsala, and one in Stockholm.

Under Mr. Holmer's leadership, the police sought to substantiate the suspicion that the Palme murder was a contract killing ordered by the PKK leadership, based in Damascus.

The public prosecutors led by Claes Zeime have not shared the same conviction.

Police swooped on Kurdish and other suspects in January, picking up 20 people for interrogation. But within hours of the dawn raids, ail had been released, on the orders of the prosecutors, because of lack of evidence. The police were outraged at

the precipitate release of the suspects and accused the prosecutors of "sabotaging" the investigation.
Several other theories have been put forward to explain the assassination. A Soviet film shown on Swedish television, for instance, points the finger firmly at Western intelligence services

and ultimately the CIA. Other leads have suggested a contract murder organised by a group of rich and disaffected Swedish exiles, an assassination with involvement by a fanatical neo-Nazi group, a motive stemming from some unknown part of Mr. Palme's private life or simply

the work of a lunatic. It is still not clear to what extent Mr. Holmer's influence has been removed from the investigation. He is now a member of a three-man advisory group to the national police commissioner, and leaks from the police leadersip make it clear that the PKK line of inquiry will not be given

When Mr. Holmer first heard of the assassination he was on his way to take part in his 18th annual Vasaloppet, a gruelling 89-km cross-country ski race in central Sweden. "Even if there was not any snow, he would finish the race. He would never give in," says one close police colleague of Mr. Holmer - Financial Times feature.

Brain cell transplants — new hope for Parkinson's victims?

By Claudia Rader Reuter

CAMBRIDGE, England -Hundreds of thousands of people suffering from Parkinson's disease and other neurological disorders could be helped by brain cell transplants, say doctors experimenting with the revolutionary technique.

The procedure, which involves the injection of foetal brain tissue deep into the brain of the patient, has been highly successful in laboratory animals and could soon be tested in humans, according to Cambridge scientist Dr. Stephen Dunnet, who has pioneered the work on laboratory

"Our results have been very encouraging... under some circumstances one can achieve complete recovery of neurological impairments that in all other senses are irreversible," he told Reuters in his laboratory at the university's experimental psychology

or totally crippled through druginduced brain damage showed complete recovery one to three months after receiving transplants of brain tissue from rat

foetuses, he said. The brain damage induced in the rats closely resembled that of Parkinson's disease victims, who gradually lose their motor control through degeneration of the dopamine system, which governs movement, Dunnet said.

This is usually accompanied by a stiffening of facial muscles, a flattening of the vocal range into a monotone and a coarse tremor and is often followed by the onset Surgery and drugs have been

variously successful in alleviating some of these symptoms. But Dunnet said brain cell grafts, if successful, could revolutionise current therapy.

In his experiments, the foetal

tissue - the most successful kind to use because of its flexibility of development - attaches itself to more than nine to 10 weeks old.

Rats which have been partially the rats' dopamine cells and eventually copies them.

As the damaged cells are restored, Dunnet found the rats completely recover basic movement, though the grafts were less successful in restoring precise manual dexterity and eating and drinking habits.

"It's a very exciting prospect," said John Cleave, senior neurosurgeon at Cambridge's Addenbrooke Hospital, where some 25 Parkinson's patients are being

But the technique - also being tested in other European countries and the United States raises a myriad of ethical questions about the use of human foetal tissue. Scientists say the debate could delay a go-ahead on the operation for years.

Under British abortion law, pregnancies can be terminated up to 28 weeks after conception, after which the foetus is considered viable. Foetuses used for brain transplants would be no

But anti-abortion activists have said they are lobbying to have the matter raised in parliament.

"Any technique using human embryo tissue or aborted foetuses is totally unethical and unacceptable. Our position is that life begins at conception and we object utterly to the use of the living human embryo in any medical technique whatsoever," said Christopher Whitehouse, spokesman for the Society for the Pro-

tection of the Unborn Child. So far the British medical community has been silent on the

Sir Raymond Hoffenburg, president of the Royal College of Physicians, told Reuters that it could be discussed at a working party on the use of foetuses due to meet later this year. But he said the work was still largely experimental and it could be quite some time" before human brain cells transplants were approved in Britain.

Meanwhile, the Swedish Society of Medicine has issued a set of

two years of debate on the ethics involved. Doctors there are said to be planning the first such grafts

later this year. Under the Swedish restrictions, the foetus must be dead, the operation must have the consent of the foetus's mother and there must be no relation between the mother and the graft recipient to avoid the intentional growing of foetuses for transplants.

ish team could encourage other countries to address the ethical questions and so clear the way for similar work at home, Dunnet said. But he cautions against over-cptimism. Because the precise cause of

A successful graft by the Swed-

Parkinson's disease is unknown, it is impossible to determine how much success, if any at all, the technique used in animals will have in humans.

And so far, the animal experimentation has been most success- medical frontier," he said.

guidelines on the use of human ful in simply restoring movement foetal tissues for transplants after and not some of the other symptoms suffered by Parkinson's victims. There is no way to tell, for instance, whether the characteristic tremor and the onset of senility can be averted.

But even these preliminary results hold out enormous hope to Parkinson's victims eager for any chance to ease their pain, Dunnet

"I get four to five letters a day from patients and their families wanting to be guinea pigs before we're even talking about trying the transplants in humans," h

He concedes the possibilities are staggering and says that the experiments suggest the technique could even be used to treat other types of neurological disorders such as Huntington's chorea, which causes uncontrollable bursts of movement.

"If it works, it's a revolution ... It could prove a very important

In Japan, rush hour is porn hour

By Jim Impoco The Associated Press

TOKYO — On crowded commuter trains, well-dressed businessmen, uniformed students and other mainstream Japanese casually thumb through newspapers and magazines liberally laced with sex.

Pornography is pervasive in Japan. Vending machines sell sex magazines and comics. Network television features footage from peep shows. Mass circulation newspapers carry ads showing nude women trussed up in ropes. Shopping centres display glossy poster-sized pictures of undressed

schoolgirls. "We feel as though we're having this stuff inflicted upon us wherever we go," says Nanae Sakamoto, a 34-year-old high school teacher.

To make her point, she opened the day's issue of a popular daily sports newspaper and began to read. She became lost behind a dozen black and white photos of naked women advertising sexually oriented products and services such as "soaplands," as massage parlours are known in Japan.

Ms. Sakamoto belongs to the Tokyo-based Women's Action Group, which has singled out the ubiquitous sports papers in a courages other forms of sexual Her group uses the slogan: "Rush

hour is porn hour." Japan's top seven sports tabloids have a combined circulation of about 4 million. Almost all of them feature nude photos, usually in the form of ads for sex videos and magazines, hostess bars and even prostitution, which

is illegal in Japan. "Sports papers are not the worst pornography around, but there's no escaping them," said Yoshiko Hasegawa, 29, another group member. "Because they're so conspicuous and so commonplace, they invade our lives. Being subjected to these papers on trains is like being physically molested."

Japan has strict censorship laws, including a complete ban on depiction of pubic hair in film and print. The government employs people to delete such material from imported magazines and movies. But Japanese directors and publishers are free to depict almost anything else, and find ways to push the censorship laws to the

has targeted sports tabloids as its first step in combatting what she said is an unchecked proliferation of pornography in Japan.

In a recent survey, a magazine found the country's nine leading men's magazines devoted more space to sex-related articles than any other subject, she said. Business stories ranked second.

She added: "We aren't looking to make all pornography illegal. We'd just like to foster enough awareness to make people realise how rude they're being when they read this stuff in public."

According to Ms. Sakamoto, sex magazines and comic books help encourage molestation. Men known as "chikan," or gropers, take liberties while wedged against women in crowded trains. Because such incidents go un-

reported, there are no figures on their frequency. But the experience is common enough to sustain a weekly column in woman's magazine in which readers describe their brushes with perversity. Pedestrian underpasses in Tokyo post signs warning women to "watch out for

"Many porn magazines give the impression that women are just dying to be molested by these men," said Ms. Sakamoto. She also said pornography en-

mal variation of sex. Women are made out to appear as though they're just waiting to be raped,"

she said. Police agree that accessible and widespread pornographic material may have a harmful influence on Japan's "moral environment," according to a 1985 report.

The report said there were nearly 8,000 vending machines dispensing sex magazines and comics in neighbourhoods nationwide, and that "sexual crimes committed by juveniles influenced by harmful magazines are notable

The report cited the case of a 14-year-old fancier of sex magazines who, it said, subsequently became "very interested in women" and went on in a three month span to commit "12 sexual crimes such as rape and inflicting injury and indecent assault." Still, Japan had about 16 times

fewer rapes than the United States last year, with 1,680 cases of rape reported, according to police statistics. In the United States, with about twice Japan's population, 77,763 rapes were reported in 1982.

Sakamoto and others say statistics don't accurately reflect the degree of sexual violence against women, particularly domestic

Experts do not agree on the "Rape is frequently presented impact pervasive pornography in the Japanese media as a nor- has on sexual violence in Japan.



Syrian singer Sabah Fakhry (right) recording "This Week's Recital" with Abdullah Mourrawi of the BBC Arabic Service.

Sabah Fakhry sings on BBC

THE renowned Syrian singer Sabah Fakhry presents his favourite songs on the BBC Arabic Service programme This Week's Recital" on Sunday, March I. Mr. Fakhry recorded the programme during a British tour in which he appeared at London's Royal Festival Hall and in five other

interview was conducted by Abdullah Mouarrawi, who managed to persuade Mr. Fakhry to sing unaccompanied in the studio. During his visit to the BBC Mr. Fakhry said "it is always a pleasure to work with the BBC Arabic Service since it is one of the radio stations which made me 'famous

"This Week's Recital" featuring Sabah Fakhry can be heard in the BBC Arabic Service at 1727 (GMT) on Sunday, March 1. Sabah Fakhry is also featured in "Oasis" talking to Nidal Kabalan on Saturday, April 11, at 1630 (GMT), repeate Tuesday, April 14, at 1530 (GMT) - BBC press release.

Captive falcon breeding flourishes in Gulf

By Mariam Alkhalifa

Rewer

BAHRAIN - Loud staccato yelps echo down the aviary hall as a young male falcon, head bobbing, takes wing around his small chamber in an attempt to impress his mate.

However the object of the excited bird's attention is not a female saker falcon, but a tall man in a traditional Arab robe. He is Nasseem Mohanna, deputy curator of Bahrain's Sulman Falcon Centre, who mimics the courtship behaviour of a female falcon in an effort to get the male to copulate with his specially-

designed hat. In this way he captures the bird's sperm and uses it to artificially inseminate a receptive Ms. Hasegawa said the group female, to which he first acts out the role of a sexually-smitten male falcon.

at six of the centre's falcons, both male and female, which have been "imprinted" to respond behaviourally to people rather than other birds.

Ranging from the small pereg-rine favoured by Western falcon-ers to the bedouin's traditional hunting partner, the saker falcon, and the regal gyrfalcon from the Arctic, the imprinted birds are used for interbreeding so that an entirely new type of bird can be produced.

Pioneered in Ireland during 1941, this method of producing hybrid birds is familiar to, though not widely practised by, Western

falconers. In the Middle East, where the age-old tradition of falconry has flourished unchanged thousands of years, it is still very

much a novelty. "The Arabs like large falcons

Mohanna's efforts are directed but the biggest kind, the gyrfaltsix of the centre's falcons, both con, die like flies here because of the hot, humid climate," said Charles Schwartz, American curator of the centre.

'We are trying to cross the gyr

with a peregrine or saker to get a larger, hardier bird," he told Built in 1978 by Bahrain's crown prince, Sheikh Hamed Bin Isa Al-Khalifa, the centre was the

first of its kind in the Middle East. Two years later, it raised the region's first captive-bred falcons, offspring of a peregrine pair donated by Australia's Mel-

bourne zoo. Since then, other centres have rung up, creations of oil-rich sheikhs who continue to practise falconry with the same passion as their bedouin ancestors.

Schwartz estimates that the three main projects — the Dubai

Wildlife Research Centre, Saudi Arabia's Al-Faisal Falcon Centre, and the Bahrain centre - can collectively produce 225 large falcons a year.

The Dubai centre is also

spearheading a research programme for breeding the longlegged houbara bustard, the Arab falconer's traditional but gradually disappearing prey.
In addition, United Arab Emi-

rates leaders have built two falcon hospitals complete with upto-date technology and full-time staff to cater to the Arabian peninsula's estimated 3,000 captive birds.

Trapped in Iraq, Iran, Syria, Pakistan and Afghanistan, the birds are far from cheap - an average saker falcon costs the equivalent of \$5,000-\$8,000 while a price-tag of \$100,000 is not unknown for a particularly attrac-

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"The Arabs favour light-coloured birds with white heads, called Ashgar (blonde)," said Mohanna. "They are considered more intelligent and brave. The nextfavourite type, ahmeer (red), is also good but may be faithless and have no soul.

Arab falconry developed around the female saker falcon because of its large size and gentle temperament. Originally they were caught as they migrated down the Gulf in the autumn, trained for three

weeks, hunted, and then released in spring before the onslought of searing summer heat. Only the arrival of air-conditioning in the region two decades ago has made year-round

maintenance, and captive breeding, possible.
So far the Sulman Centre has raised 58 falcons, including sakers, peregrines, and hybrid sakerperegrines, for hunting or use in breeding programmes in Europe, the United States, and the Gulf.

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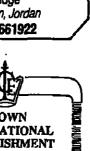
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Liverpool pulls even with Everton at top in England

LONDON (R) - John Aldridge scored his first goal in the red of Liverpool and his 22nd of the season to put the English champion joint top of the First Division with traditional foe Everton.

Aldridge, playing his first full league game since his £800,000 (\$1.2 million) transfer from Oxford, scored a typically opportunist goal against Southampton after 61 minutes to take Liverpool level with Everton on 55 points.

Everton remained top on goal difference after drawing 0-0 at Manchester United Saturday. though both Liverpool clubs could be overtaken by Arsenai who is one point behind but with

a game in hand.
Treble-chasing Arsenal enjoyed a rest day before Sunday's eagerly-awaited League Cup semifinal second-leg tie against Tottenham, whom it trails 1-0.

Having inspired Liverpool to 2 3-0 victory over Southampton in midweek — a victory which took Liverpool to Wembley for a League Cup final meeting with Arsenal or Tottenham — player manager Kenny Dalglish took the unusual step of dropping himself for the league game against the same club at Antield.

But Dalglish's faith in Aldridge was fully justified as the former Oxford striker turned in an impressive performance and continually unnerved the Southampton defence with his aeriel

Aldridge had two glorious headers saved by England goal-

JAKARTA, (AP) — World Box-

ing Association super flyweight

champion Khaosai Galaxy of Thai-.

land, displaying devastating pow-

er and superb stamina, stopped

Indonesian challenger Ellyas Pic-

al with a 14th round technical

Lnockout Saturday to retain his

In the early rounds of the scheduled 15-round fight in

Jakarta, Pical landed powerful

left hooks and sharp uppercuts

that momentarily shook the de-

But Galaxy, also a southpaw,

had superior stamina and re-

mained on the attack, keeping

the Indonesian challenger on the

In the 10th round Pical, who is

.International Boxing Federation

title holder in the same weight

class, reeled to the ropes after

taking a powerful blow in the

jaw. His face was soaked with

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Thai Galaxy retains title

keeper Peter Shilton before he finally scored the goal he had dreamed of since his days as a schoolboy fan on the Anfield

Aldridge's great moment came when Danish international Jan Molby curled an enticing cross into the packed Southampton penalty area and the Irish striker rose majestically to direct a perfectly-placed header firmly past

Luton continued its unexpected progress up the First Division table with a fully merited 2-1 home win over West Ham which lifted it above Tottenham into fourth place with 50 points.

England hopeful Tony Cottee put West Ham into an early lead with a fine eighth minute goal after a splendid pass from attacking partner Frank McAvennie but Luton always looked the better

The home side ignored that setback and midfielder Peter Nicholas scored his first goal for Luton since joining the club from Arsenal three years ago with a stunning 25-metre drive on the stroke of halftime.

Luton continued to hold the whip hand and it scored what proved to be the winner in the 70th minute when Irish international midfielder Ashley Grimes

blood from injuries in the mouth

The ring doctor was called to

examine Pical's injuries in the

14th round, but the fight was

In the last minute of the round,

Galaxy trapped Pical in a corner

and hit him almost at will. A

52.2 kilogrammes (114. 8 pounds)

With the victory, Galaxy extended his record to 30 wins,

including 26 knockouts, against

one defeat during a professional career which began in 1980. It

was his fifth successful defence,

all by knockouts, of the title he

Pical's record now stands at 14

wins, including 10 knockouts, against three defeats since he

The defeat may also deprive Pical of his IBF title, which he

won in 1985. IBF President Robert Lee had threatened to

strip Pical of the title if the were defeated in the WBA fight.

\$150,000 for the fight.

Both Galaxy and Pical earned

turned professional in 1981.

allowed to continue.

a technical knockout.

won in 1984.

before entering the ring.

pierced the redoubtable West Ham defence.

Glasgow Rangers enjoyed an unexpected bonus in the Scottish Premier League when it found itself at the top despite being held to a surprise 1-1 draw at home by Hibernian.

But Rangers' result was good enough to take it above bitter rival Glasgow Celtic, who was thumped 4-1 at Dundee after leading 1-0 at half-time from a 21st minute goal by international striker Brian McClair.

Dundee emerged from the interval as a transformed team and Celtic was buried without trace as Vince Mennie (47 and 62 minutes), Rab Shannon (60) and Ross Jack (79), gave Dundee a resounding home win.

Rangers was unfortunate to meet Hibernian's former Scotland goalkeeper Alan Rough in inspired form at Ibrox where the Edinburgh club took a shock lead through Eddie May on the stroke

Rough denied Rangers a deserved equaliser with a string of superb saves but he was finally beaten in the 73rd minute when defender Davie McPherson headed home a Davie Cooper

Third placed Dundee United, who meets Barcelona in the UEFA Cup next week, moved within two points of Rangers with a game in hand, after an impressive 1-0 win at Aberdeen where Scotland world cup midfielder Eamonn Bannon scored the vital winner in the first half.

UEFA agrees to discuss bans on English clubs

BERNE (R) — The European Football Union (UEFA) completed a full about turn when it agreed to discuss its ban on English clubs at its executive committee meeting in Berne next

powerful left hook to the body In a statement, UEFA said: sent the challenger to the canvas two minutes and 45 seconds into "The executive committee of UEFA will, at the express wish of the English Football Association, Referee Ken Morita from discuss the question of the possi-Japan did not bother to count and ble renewed participation of Endeclared Galaxy the winner with glish clubs in European club com-petitions at its meeting on March Both fighters weighed in at

> The change of position followed telephone calls to UEFA Friday by English FA Secretary Ted Croker, a UEFA spokesman

A UEFA official said Thursday that the ban on English clubs had been left off the agenda for the meeting, effectively leaving the ban in force for the 1987-88 season.

A spokesman for UEFA said Friday that the inclusion of the issue on the agenda did not mean UEFA was reconsidering the ban imposed after the tragedy at the 1985 European Cup final when 39 fans died following rioting before the match between England's Liverpool and Juventus of Italy. He said it simply meant that UEFA had agreed to put the

matter on the agenda. The executive committee will also meet a delegation from the English FA.

men's and women's singles and March 10 will be the last possidoubles semifinals. ble date for consideration of the readmission of English clubs to clean sweep, but we will try our UEFA competitions, a UEFA best," Swedish coach Anders spokesman said. Thunderstorm told Reuters after

E. German, American set world marks at indoor track, field championships

NEW YORK (AP) — East Gerheight.

Bubka came in — and went out like conditions facing long jum-- at 5.7214 metres, missing all pers at the Indoor Track and three attempts at that height. Field Championships, but that Olson came in — and went out didn't stop her from setting a new at 5.5182 metres, missing three world record.

the win

In the men's mile, Ireland's Although she said she was restricted because of a short pit, Eamonn Coghlan entered as the Drechsler became the first favourite and didn't disappoint woman long jumper to exceed the crowd, becoming the first 7.3152 metres indoors. She sailed 7.3215 metres to break the indoor record of 7.2898 metres she set in

Berlin Jan. 15, 1986. Her achievement highlighted the event that included athletes from 30 countries and drew a crowd of more than 15,000 to Madison Square Garden.

On the main attractions Friday coming into the event fell short, as pole vault world indoor and outdoor record holder Sergei-Bubka of the Soviet Union and former world indoor record holder Billy Olson of the United States both failed to clear a

In the women's 55-metre high hurdles, East Germany's Cornelia Oschkenat missed the world indoor best by one-hundredth of a second but won in 7.36.

Bulgaria's Yordanka Donkova. the world outdoor record holder in the 100-metre hurdles, finished second to Oschkenat in 7.49, and Jackie Joyner-Kersee of the United States finished third in 7.64.

man to win 50 indoor mile races. Other final events held at Prin-Coghlan came from last place ceton University spotlighted East to post a winning time of 3 Germans. East German Ulf Timminutes, 59.25 seconds. He mermann, former world indoor and outdoor record holder, took surged past countryman Ray Flynn with about a half lap rethe men's shot put at 21.6345 metres, easily beating the Soviet Union's Sergey Smirnov, the run-ner-up at 20.7201 metres. maining, bringing the spectators to their feet as he pulled away for

American Mike Conley set a Ilona Briesenick of East Gerworld indoor record during the many took advantage of the absmeet, leaping 17.761 metres in the triple jump. His jump smashed the world indoor record ence of outdoor world record holder Natalya Lisovskaya of the Soviet Union to capture the women's shot put at 20.2311 of 17.6721 metres, set earlier this year by the Soviet Union's Oleg Protsenko. metres. No explanation was given for Lisovskaya's withdrawal.

Lendl, Connors struggle to advance in Int'l Players Championships

KEY BISCAYNE, Florida (R) - Ivan Lendi and Jimmy Connors, two of the top seeds in the \$1.8 million International Players Championships, were given tough challenges in second round action before they advanced.

Lendl, the top seed from Czechoslovakia, was extended to five sets by unseeded American Paul Annacone, before winning 5-7, 7-6, 4-6, 6-2, 6-2.

Connors, seeded sixth, took four sets to beat unseeded Peter Lundgren of Sweden 2-6, 6-4. Lendi, the top ranked player in

down two sets to one to beat the 41st-ranked Annacone Friday. Annacone's big first serve, one of his chief weapons, began to-falter in the fourth set, when he was able to get in only 25 per cent

the world, came back from being

of his first offerings.

Lendi, who played steadily throughout the three-hour and 46 minute match, broke Annacone in the sixth and eighth games to win the fourth set 6-2 and to take command in the fifth with an early break for 2-0.

Lendl needed three match oints against Annacone's serve in the eighth game of the fifth set

NEW DELHI (R) — China, who

is seeking a seven-title sweep,

was jolted when its men's second

seed and top two women players

crashed out of the World Table

Tennis Championships Saturday.

Sweden's Jan-Ove Waldner in the

men's singles quarter-finals,

while world number one and top

seed Geng Lijuan and second seed Jiao Zhimin tumbled out of

Yet the formidable Chinese

were still in line for a clean

sweep, having taken the two team

championships and clinched the

mixed doubles crown by winning

Saturday's final. Their title pros-

pects are enhanced by having

three players in each of Sunday's

"They look like making the

Cinema

the women's fourth round.

Chen Longcan was ousted by

China poised for sweep of

table tennis despite upsets

to clinch victory. Annacone saved the first with a sharply angled volley and the second with an ace. Lendl won the third, as Annacone volleyed a forehand into the net.

"I won because I found my timing in the last two sets and Annacone got tired," Lendl said afterward. "To be honest, the best-of-five-set format saved my life today."

Connors faced a player who resembled Swedish all-time great Bjorn Borg both in looks and style of play. The blond Lund-gren, who at 22 is 12 years Connors's junior, rallied from the baseline with deep penetrating groundstrokes to win the first set easily 6-2.

The second set contained five breaks of serve, three against Lundgren, who dropped serve in the tenth game to give Connors the set 6-4 when the Swede netted a hackhand.

In the third set, Lundgren began to miss on his forehand and Connors found his rhythm, winning the set easily 6-2. Lundgren took an early lead in the fourth set, breaking Connors in the first. game, but could not hold on to the advantage as Connors broke opponents:

21-17, 21-15, 21-11.

seed Chen Xinhua.

Fifth-seeded Waldner was sup-

ported by hundreds of Indian

supported by hundreds of Indian supporters cheering the Swede for playing the match while still recovering from the effects of a viral fever which kept him out of the men's team final on Tuesday.

Waldner face is the semificials

Yi of China in the semifinals,

while the other tie will be an

all-Chinese affair between top

seed Jiang Jialiang and fourth

China suffered its biggest upset in the women's singles when

North Korea's Hui Li Bun beat

Geng 13-21, 21-10, 18-21, 21-13, 21-17 and Jiao Zhimen was

beaten 14-21, 17-21, 21-14, 21-19,

21-19 by Czechoslovakia's Marie

Geng displayed little of the

form which made her runner-up

back twice, winning the match on his second match point as Lundgren hit a forehand long. In earlier action, top seeded

Martina Navratilova and third seeded Steffi Graf of West Germany had easy second-round Navratilova dismissed

seeded American Halle Cioffi 6-1, 6-0, and Graf beat unseeded Sara Gomer of Britain by the same score. Several seeds were eliminated

in both men's and women's play. Mikael Pernfors of Sweden, seeded 11, was beaten in five gruelling sets by unseeded fellow countryman Johan Carlsson 6-3, 6-1, 4-6, 1-6, 6-4.

American Tim Wilkison. seeded 25, and Andrei Chesnokov of the Soviet Union, seeded 32, both lost.

On the women's side, eighth-seeded Kathy Rinaldi of the United States was beaten by un-seeded Nathalie Tauziat of France 5-7, 6-4, 6-3.

Fourteenth-seeded Catarina Lindqvist of Sweden and American Robin White, seeded 16th, were also beaten by unseeded grand to the control of the control

Karpov wins 2nd game in challenger chess tourney

LINARES, Spain (AP) — Anatoly Karpov defeated Andrei Sokolov in the second game of the candidates final for the world chess championship after turning a microscopic edge in an en-

dgame into a crushing advantage.
"It was a brilliant victory," commented Danish international master Bjarke Kristensen later. We had all thought that the adjourned position from Thursday was a dead draw. It took very precise play from Karpov," he

After Karpov had played his 61st move Friday to completely surround an exposed pawn, Sokolov stopped the clock to signify resignation and they shook hands.

Experts had predicted a draw when the game was adjourned Thursday night and were unable to directly pinpoint Sokolov's likely error:

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Paris-Peking air race begins

PARIS (AP) — A fleet of 17 singles and twin-engine light planes left the suburban airport of Tossus-Le-Noble Saturday on the first stage of the Paris-Peking-Paris air race. The first stage of the event is to Abu Dhabi, competitors being timed from the moment they were given take-off clearance, and having to include refuelling stops en route. There are handicaps for the different classes of aircraft entered. One of two Italian crews entered was a late starter. Max Leyer and Ali Mondo were delayed by customs formalities in Italy and left here several hours after the other competitors.

Schmidhauser wins World Cup ski title

ZWIESEL. West Germany (AP) — Corinne Schmidhauser of Switzerland won the last women's slalom of the season Saturday and clinched the World Cup title in the event. Schmidhauser posted the fastest times in both runs on the fog-shrouded course to score her third World Cup victory of the season. The 22-year-old Swiss racer clinched the slalom title when her closest rival, Tamara McKinney of the United States, dropped out after making a mistake in the second run. Erika Hess of Switzerland, the world stalom champion, placed second. Roswitha Steiner of Austria was third.

Piquet clocks fastest time in tests

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) — Brazilian Ayrton Senna set the pace in the last day of Formula One tyre tests at the Jacarepagua race track but could not heat the time set by compatriot Nelson Piquet of the Williams team. Driving a Lotus, Senna clocked a pesonal best time of one minute 30.19 seconds Friday. Piquet's 1:28.81 was the best of the week and his teammate Briton Nigel Mansell set the second fastest time of 1:29.29 on Tuesday. Alain Prost, the world champion Frenchman, clocked 1:32.41 in his McLaren, far from his week's best of 1:30.83 set on Tuesday.

Poland beats W. Germany in handball

BOLZANO, Italy (R) — Poland took third place in the finals of the men's World Handball Championships by beating West Germany by 24 goals to 20. The final for first place between Czechoslovakia and the Soviet Union is Saturday night. Poland, who was 13-8 at half time, found few problems in disposing of the German team Friday night, while Romania met strong opposition from Switzerland in the fifth place playoff with the score a closely contested 12-12 at half-time.

Luton fined £2,000 for missing match

LONDON (R) — English First Division side Luton was fined £2,000 (\$3,100) by the Football Association for failing to turn up for an FA Cup third round replay at Liverpool last month. Bad weather prevented Luton from travelling north on the day of the match, which was postponed shortly before kickoff. Liverpool has already received an undisclosed sum in compensation from

Czechs dominate University Games

phed over their favoured Soviet rivals on Friday to take four out of the first five places in the 10-kilometre cross-country event at the World Winter University Games in Slovakia's high Tatra Mountains. In the women's slalom, the last women's event of the games, Czechoslovakia's Ivana Valesova captured the gold medal with a time of one minute 39.87 seconds, ahead of Yugoslavia's Natasa Bokal and Katja Lesjak, who finished in 1:40.64 and 1:40.98 respectively. Alzbeta Havrancikova spearheaded the home team's triumph in the 10 kilometre cross country, finishing in 25 minutes 59.7 seconds. Teammate Anna Janouskova was second in 26:32.3, while Lyubov Yegorova of the Soviet Union finished third in 26:36.2.

Queen's daughter survives hurdle race

KEMPTON PARK, England (AP) — Princess Anne, an Olympic equestrian rider, completed her first horserace over hurdles Saturday but trailed in last of four riders at this south English racecourse. Riding her own horse, Cnoc Na Cuille (CQ), the 35-year-old daughter of Queen Elizabeth II, held the lead in the early stages of the 2½ mile (4 kilometre) Portlane Handicap Chase. But despite safely negotiating the 17 fences, she came home some 20 lengths adrift of the winner, favourite Welsh Oak. Princess Anne, a noted competitor in three-day eventing, has ridden 15 races on the flat, winning one.

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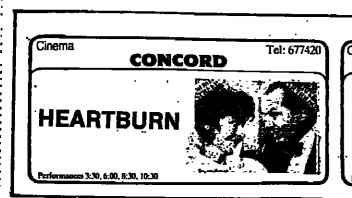
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OECD values Switzerland for sound economic policy

PARIS (AP) — Switzerland's rate should remain at around one per cent of the work force. excellent in recent years and is likely to stay on track through the end of 1987, the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and De-velopment (OECD) said last week.

Low unemployment and inflation, a sizeable current account surplus and one of the highest rates of economic growth in the industrialised world have been hallmarks of the Swiss economy in the early 1980s, OECD noted in its annual survey of the Swiss

есопоту. The organisation said economic activity should remain steady in 1987, inflation and unemployment will remain under control and the current account will show once again a sizeable surplus.

After peaking at four per cent 1985, Switzerland's gross domestic product (GDP) growth dipped to two per cent in 1986 and the rate of expansion in 1987 may be a quarter-point or so below last year's level.

Real private consumption is likely to be "unusually buoyant" in 1987 thanks to a relatively high level of real disposable income. Economic activity is expected

to remain satisfactory this year, with GDP expanding by 1¾ per cent, or very slightly below last year's two per cent. Under the influence of domes-

tic cost pressures, Switzerland's inflation rate may edge higher, to 11/4 per cent from 3/4 of a per cent in 1986, while the unemployment

advanced ambitions.

working on. Go after it now.

about later to see friends.

newcomer has given you.

an agreement with your mate.

of amusement with congenials.

citing activities.

this one control.

DOWN

YOUR DAILY

from the Carroll Righter institute

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, MARCH 1, 1987

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You are on the verge of

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Give your full attention.

some new beginnings, so wind this up now. Be sure you are aware of all the practical factors connected with your

to problematical matters. Please your mate and gain

more harmony together.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You need more infor-

mation before you can gain that goal you have been

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Handle that civic af-

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Show that

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Keep any promises you have made that are important, then you can enjoy more ex-

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Complete that outside

job you've been expending your energies on. Come to

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Get tasks handled and then meet with associates to make worthwhile plans. Try

a different method of operation.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Set up an appointment with a charmer. Get a talent perfected before you go out

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You have home

duties to perform and then you can step out to places

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Get at the cor-

respondence you have been neglecting. Make your home

more charming and functional.
AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Make the financial

plans that are important. Visit new acquaintances

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You can easily gain per-

sonal aims during the daytime. Tonight you get a fine

idea for gaining more prosperity.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he, or she,

will be full of fine ideas and lofty principles in early life

and follow them throughout the lifetime. Upon reaching

fair and then you can go after personal wishes. Gad

you follow your beliefs. Use the information that a

As in 1986, the current account is likely to show a surplus of close to \$8 billion this year, or between five and six per cent of GDP.

The OECD said it sees little room for further decline in interest rates in Switzerland if the money supply growth target of two per cent at annual rate over the period forecast is adhered to and if economic activity expands as forecast.

The survey added that, as in previous years, government budget equilibrium and the ratio of public expenditure to GDP are likely to persist in 1987 and 1988.

The OECD economists suggested, however, that a comparatively tight monetary policy stance 'may contribute to upward pressure on the Swiss franc exchange rate."

While this would promote domestic price stability, it could impair the price competitiveness of the exposed sector of the economy, they said. But they concede that given the size of the surplus on the invisibles balance of Switzerland's balance of payments, this is not a major con-

In a special chapter on Switzerland's financial markets, the OECD said that financial regulation and taxation "have resulted in the emergence of problems within the financial system which may impinge on the country's ability to attract new financial activities to within its borders."

AMMAN (J.T.) — The following table summarises trading activities at the Amman Financial Market during the week starting Saturday. Feb. 21, '87 and ending Wednesday, Feb. 25, '87. (Figures in Jordanian dinars).

Name of company	Number of shares	Volume of trade	Opening price	Closing price	Par value
Banking and financial institutions		•	-	•	
Industrial Development Bank	100	127	1.270	1.270	1.000
Petra Bank	11760	26344	2.210	2.100	1.000
Jordan Islamic Bank Jordan Kuwait Bank	5607 9469	12220 16084	2.200 1.740	2.220 1.680	1.000 1.000
Jordan Gulf Bank	13542	17992	1.400	1.310	1.000
Housing Bank	1050	1620	1.580	1.540	1.000
Arab Jordan Investment Bank Cairo Amman Bank	380	722	1.900	1.900	1.000
Bank of Jordan	1270 28402	37795 638621	32.000 23.400	30.000 23.400	5.000 5.000
Arab Bank	2540	324539	126,000	127.000	10.000
Jordan National Bank	16275	40730	2.680	2.510	1.000
Jordan Finance House for Development	46250	32786	0.690	0.740	1.000
Islamic Investment House Jordan Investment and Finance Corporation	13928	13010	1.400	1.450	1.000 1.000
Finance and Credit Corporation	78151	20000	0.790	0.740	1.000
National Financial Investments	10100	13985	1.400	1.370	1.000
National Portfolio Securities	57508 · 10071	34799 9430	0.620 0.950	0.600 0.930	1.000 1.000
Arab Finance Corporation (Jordan)	_	-			1.000
Real Estate Financing Corporation		13250			2.000
Al Mashrek Exchange	1000	13230	14.000	12.500	10.000
Insurance and reinsurance Jordan French Insurance	3634	12413	2 500	3.400	1 000
REFCO Life Insurance	4243	3734	3.500 0.850	0.880	1.000 1.000
Jordan Insurance	29450	332415	11.000	11.500	1.000
Arab Life and Accident Insurance		9305	0.870	0.850	1.000
Yarmouk Insurance and Reinsurance	67229	73907	1.100	1.010	1.000 1.000
Arabian Seas Insurance	_	_	_	_	1.000
Philadelphia Insurance	1000				1.000
Arab Union International Insurance Jerusalem Insurance	1000 8055	0.·320 10327	0.930 1.350	0.920 1.300	1.000 1.000
Petra Jordan Insurance				1.500	1.000
Jordan-Gulf Insurance	5701	4414	0.800	0.770	1.000
Universal Insurance	* 334 92	227 143	0.680 1.750	0.680 1.550	1.000 1.000
Jordan Eagle Insurance		-			10.000
Middle East Insurance	_	_	_	_	10.000
Al-Izdihar Insurance	5500	7700	1.400	1.400	1.000 1.000
_ •	5500	7700	2.400	1.700	1.000
Services and industries Darco for Housing and Investment	19248	11023	0.610	0,560	1.000
Real Estate Investment (Agarco)	924	416	0.500	0.450	1.000
Management and Consultancy	_	_	_	_	1.000
General Investment	250	176	0.700	0.700	1.000 1.000
Petra Enterprises and Leasing Equipments	16359	2906 -	9.680	0.670	1.000
Equipment Leasing & Maintenance/Ta'jeerco	6050	2667	0.960	0.940	1.000
Jordanian Electric Power Irbid District Electricity	6878	10110	1.470	1.470	1.000 1.000
Arab International Hotels	49350	21233	0.440	0.440	1.000
Hotels and Tourism	-		_		1.000
Garage Owners Federation Office	2634	2463	0.040		1.000
Dar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing	35100	13655	0.940 0.550	0.920 0.400	1.000 1.000
Jordan Dairy	11081	13037	1.210	1.170	1.000
Arab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	17351	36734	2.160	2.100	1.000
Intermediate Petrochemical Industries Jordan Phosphate Mines	236145 27201	208136 65275	0.940 2.400	0.880 2.400	1.000 1.000
Industrial, Commercial and Agricultural (Intaj)	9125	13296	1.450	1.460	1.000
Arab Chemical Detergent Industries	2693	12885	5.000	4-700	1.000
Aladdin Industries	58892 253208	60405 370558	1.050 1.550	1.010 1.480	1.000 1.000
Jerdan Worsted Mills		. 	. —		1.000
Jordan Ceramics	3000	3020	1.040	1.000	1.000
Chemical Industries	7210 8345	7937 4264	1.190 0.530	1.040 0.490	1.000 1.000
Dar Al Dawa' for Development and Investment	6467	8966	1.390	1.390	1.000
National Steel Industries	138427	294781	2,200	2.160	1.000
Universal Chemical Industries	2800 .550	2380 · 908	0.900 1.650	0.850 · 1.650	1.000 1.000
Jordan Petroleum Refinery	3772	25887	6.900	6.860	5.000
Jordan Lime & Brick	65730	17664	0.390	0.270	1.000
National Industries	1850 7700	1392 2650	0.770 0.380	0.740 0.320	1.000
Jordan Wooden Industries (JWICO)		- 		V-J20	1.000
Livestock and Poultry		_			1.000
Jordan Pipes Manufacturing	7650	9379	1.240	1.210	1.000 1.000
Jordan Paper and Cardboard	_		_	_	1.000
Jordan Rockwool Industries	6000	2480	0.420	0.400	1.000
Trans-Jordan Minerals Research Jordan Himeh Mineral	_	_	_	_	1.000 i 000
Orient Dry Batteries Factory	_	_	_	-	1.000
Woolen Industries	500	-825	1.620	1.650	1.000 1.000
Jordan Printing and Packaging	_	-	1.020	1.050	1.000
Jordan Tobacco and Cigarette	1180	12390	10.600	10.500	5.000
Jordan Brewery Mas Industries	_	_	_	_	1.000 1.000
Arab Center for Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals					1.000
National Cable & Wire Manufacturing Jordan Spinning & Weaving	27300 15482	25931 9938	0.980 0.610	0.920 0.630	1.000 1.000
Jordan Industrial Investment Corporation	_	_	V.010	J.030	1.000
Jordan Sulpho Chemicals	558900 334054	1161352	2.520	2.340	1.000
Jordan Cement Factories	224054	235729	1.180	1.080	1.000
Grand total 2	,283,347	4,382,295			

Saudi importer secures debt rescheduling of \$187 million

BAHRAIN (R) — A major Saudi Arabian importer of construction and agricultural machinery has arranged with creditor banks to reschedule about 700 million rivals (\$187 million) of debt, banking sources said Saturday.

The debt accord for the Jeddah-based Arabian Auto Agency (AAA) is one of the largest renegotiations by Saudi Arabia's recession-hit private sector.

Under the agreement, the company will have seven to nine years to pay off its debt to about 50 Saudi Arabian and international banks.

Mr. David Penketh, senior manager credit at Saudi British Bank in Riyadh and chairman of a bank steering group handling AAA's debt, confirmed that an agreement had been signed. He declined to comment on its

terms, but told Reuters: "the agreement was characterised by a lot of goodwill on both sides. The company borrowed heavily

in the early 1980s to finance expansion and build up inventories in anticipation that Saudi Arabia's construction boom would continue, banking sources said.

But, as oil prices fell and recession spread through the Middle East, AAA was unable to meet its obligations. It suspended pay-ments of principal on bank debt in September 1985 but continued to pay interest during the negotia-

The debt problems of Saudi Arabia's corporate sector have been well publicised and falling bank profits in the kingdom have

been blamed on a growing number of non-performing loans. In addition to AAA, the troubles of the industrial conglomer-

production this month at between

three million and 3.8 million b/d. compared with its official 4.133

million b/d quota.
In remarks published in Riyadh

Saturday, King Fahd of Saudi

Arabia stressed the importance of

maintaining the stability of oil

In an interview with the

Lebanese weekly magazine Al

Hawadeth, carried by the official

Saudi Press Agency, he said: "Oil

is a strategic commodity of im-

portance to the entire world. Its

price must remain stable as much

in Washington last week warns

that the United States and other

oil consuming countries face the

"serious threat" of a repeat of the

The report, by the National Petroleum Council (NPC), a

federal advisory committee to the

U.S. energy secretary, says "the

gravity of the situation is lost in

energy prices and complacency

with the current world oil sur-

It points out that U.S.oil im-

ports could increase from 27 per

cent of all supplies in 1985 to

more than 50 per cent by the

The study notes that the

dramatic drop in oil prices last

year has already resulted in in-

creased consumption and signifi-

cantly reduced domestic produc-

trends inevitably will result in a

greater reliance on imported oil

to supply the nation's needs," the

It claims additional oil import

dependence will increase the

country's vulnerability to supply

disruption, rapidly accelerate its

balance of trade problems,

undermine national security,

"A continuation of these

Meanwhile, a report released

as possible.

mid-1990s.

tion in the U.S.

council states.

1970s energy crisis.

ate Saudi Research and Development Corp, known as Redec, have been high on the list of bank worries in the Gulf.

The sources said Redec seemed to be close to announcing agreement on a draft package to reschedule 1.3 billion rivals (\$347 million) of debt.

Saudi Arabia's state-owned airline Saudia won bank consent last year to delay repayment on credits from Saudi banks totalling

1.6 billion rivals (\$426 million). Banking sources said AAA's rescheduling covered several loans taken out during the early 1980s. A portion would be repaid at a fixed interest rate of seven per cent and the remainder at 1/4 percentage point over Saudi in-terbank offered rates, a reference level for market interest rates in the kingdom.

The sources said AAA made one payment to banks of 11 million rivals (\$2.9 million) on Feb.

Crude oil prices decline

NEW YORK (Agencies) -Crude oil prices dropped again Friday, further reversing their two-month climb, amid market concern over whether Saudi Arabia could rein in output to compensate for OPEC over-produc-

The price of West Texas Intermediate on the New York Mercantile Exchange, one of the industry's standard pricing mechanisms, slumped 18 cents to close at \$17.80 a barrel, off \$1.20 for the week despite a brief upturn Thursday.

While the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) agreed in December to curb output in order to raise prices, traders say they now believe OPEC is exceeding its new quota by as much as one million barrels per day (b/d).

The central question, they say, is the output level of Saudi Arabia, whose officially-mandated quota calls for it to produce more than a quarter of OPEC's 15.8 million b/d revised output quota. Such a large quota gives the

Saudis room to curb their own production and make up for the excessive output of others. Industry analysts say pressure is growing on the Saudis to resume their former role as OPEC's "swing producer," which it abandoned in

"Speculation is growing that the Saudis will return to this role and curb their output to balance OPEC supply," said one political analyst in Washington who spoke on condition that he not be

"The pressure is on them because there really is no one else who can play this role at this time, he added.

Mr. Bijar Moussavan-Rahmani, a former Iranian diplomat now at Harvard University's Energy and Environment Policy Centre, said the same pressures which forced Saudi Arabia to play the swing role in the past were driving them to do so again.

"But it is also certain they will

SNOWBALLS WORK

PRETTY 600P, TOO,

Caracas, banks reach new debt not be likely to return to the production levels of July 1985 when they were at about two million b/d," he said. agreement The analysts estimated Saudi

NEW YORK (R) — Venezuela and its leading creditor banks agreed Friday night to revise a \$21 billion rescheduling package, cutting both the interest rate and the amount of principal due in the next three years, bankers said. "We have a deal. Everybody's

on board." said one banker. Venezuela, an oil-producer hard hit by the slump in prices, struck the deal with the advisory committee, which is cochaired by Chase Manhattan Bank, Bank of America and Britain's Lloyds Bank, on the main points of a revision to a debt-rescheduling agreement signed a year ago.

they said.
Under the accord, the interest rate on Venezuela's commercial debt will be reduced to 1/8 per cent over the fluctuating London Inter Bank Offered Rate (LIBOR), or a bank's domestic cost of funds, from the current 11/s per cent. Among the Latin American debtors, only Mexico's margin of 13/16 oveer LIBOR is

the public's euphoria over lower | lower than Venezuela's. The other key element of the pact is a reduction in the amount repay in 1987, 1988 and 1989, reducing it to \$1.35 billion from \$3.36 billion.

The agreement came on the heels of a new deal between Chile and its creditor banks on Thursday.

The main element of the Chilean accord is a "retiming" of interest payments on some \$12.4 billion that will save Chile about

\$440 million next year. The accord will enable Chile to service its \$21 billion debt with-

out the need for fresh loans. Bankers acknowledged a desire to chalk up some quick successes on the world debt problem following Brazil's announcement last month that it would suspend interest payments on the \$68 billion it owes commercial banks.

Peanuts adulthood you son, or daughter, will continue to do this and will strive to be at the top of any enterprise. Teach



Mutt'n' Jeff IF YOU MARRY MY WON'T COST YOU MILL YOU BUY ME HOW A CENT BUT YOU DAUGHTER I'LL MAKE OUT--LET'S SAY FOR \$10,000? MUCH \$150,000! YOU A PARTNER IN GOTTA WORK IS YOUR MY BUSINESS!/YOU BUSINESS 7A.M. TO 7PM. WORTH WILL? **Andy Capp** mate

WHERE IS EVERYBODY ?!

LET'S GET THOSE

ARMS IN SHAPE!

YOU'LL ALL HAVE WEAK ARMS IF YOU DON'T START

HROWING THE BALL AROUND



ALL RIGHT, GANG, IT'S

TIME TO START OUR

SPRING TRAINING!

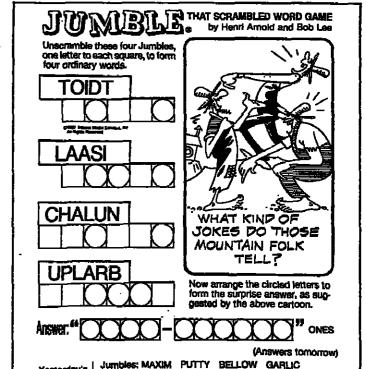








out from behind the sofa. Where can I rent a snowplow?"



Answer: How the scandalmonger let the cat out of the beg — ONE CLAW AT A TIME

South Korea frees 1,218 prisoners, bans protests

SEOUL (R) — South Korea freed more than 1,000 prisoners, including dissidents, Saturday but banned an opposition demonstration calling for democracy and an end to torture.

A Justice Ministry spokesman said 17 students and other dissidents were among 1,218 prisoners released in an amnesty to commemorate Sunday's 68th anniversary of an uprising against Japanese colonial rule and President Chun Doo Hwan's inaugura-

tion six years ago.

The amnesty coincided with Interior Minister Chung Ho-Yong's statement banning a nationwide peace march on March 3 organised by the main opposition New Korea Democratic Party (NKDP) and hundreds of Roman Catholic and Protestant ministers and dissidents.

March 3, the anniversary of Mr. Chun's inauguration, also marks the end of a Buddhist mourning period for student activist Park Chong-Chol who

died under police torture. Mr. Chung, who replaced Kim Chang-Hoh as interior minister after the latter resigned as a result of Park's death, said a group of

radicals and pro-Communists were trying to foment unrest in order to topple the government through an uprising.

He accused the demonstration organisers of attempting to use the issues of torture and democracy to spark disturbances throughout the country's universities when students return from their winter vacation.

Mr. Chung said: "I will not tolerate any attempt to violate laws, or any activities inciting unrest ... in the next year." Mr. Chun's seven-year mandate ends on Feb. 24, 1988.

He also warned that "all official forces" would be mobilised to stop illegal activities.

When the opposition called a similar rally on Feb. 7 over 10,000 demonstrators defied an official ban and confronted thousands of riot police in Seoul and three other cities to demand an end to "institutional brutality."

The government pledged to

establish a special agency to halt torture and protect human rights in the wake of demonstrations last month.

The peace march is scheduled to take place three days before U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz is due to arrive in Seoul for talks with President Chun.

A group of 37 U.S. congressmen have written to Mr. Shultz urging him to tell Mr. Chun's government that he is unhappy about its human rights record.

The congressmen's letter said making Mr. Chung the new interior minister "does not inspire confidence that the (South) Korean government is taking a new and positive approach on human rights matters.

Mr. Chung was a former com-mander of the South Korean Special Forces dissidents accuse of helping crush a 1980 armed uprising in Kwangju, in which about 200 people died.

South Korea's Catholic leader. Cardinal Stephen Kim Sou-Hwan, Saturday instructed all 130 churches under his diocese to start nine days of prayers for

Seoul starts work on 'counter dam'

SEOUL (R) - South Korea Saturday began work on a \$700 million dam to counter what the government says is a threat of flooding from a North Korean

Prime Minister Lho Shin-Yong and Construction Minister Lee Kyu-Hyo formally started work on the South's dam by detonating an explosive charge at the site near the demilitarised zone (DMZ) that bisects the Korean

Mr. Lho said: "If the North Korean dam collapsed or was artificially destroyed, it is clear the consequent flood would bring disaster to our country by devastating Seoul and nearby areas where more than 15 million peo-

The South Korean government has said North Korea could use its dam, being built just across the border on a tributary of the Han River which also runs through Seoul, for military purposes if it attacked the South.

North Korea says its dam is part of hydro-electric project and will cause no harm to South

Officials here said the South's dam would be able to divert or possibly turn back floodwaters if the North Korean dam is

The South's dam would be built in two phases, with the first scheduled for competion by May next year at a cost of almost \$200

Seoul estimates that the



North's dam will eventually be 200 metres high and hold back some 20 billion tonnes of water. The South's dam, if the second

phase is completed, would rise to 220 metres, according to Seoul

Bodies of 10 Philippine massacre victims exhumed

Chief General Fidel Ramos Saturday ordered the arrests of three soldiers following an alleged army massacre of 17 civilians in the northern Philippines.

coffins of 10 victims at Namulandayan village in Nueva Ecija pro-vince, north of Manila, after the presidential Commission on Human Rights ruled they had been buried without autopsies.

Survivors of the Feb. 10 shooting said soldiers herded families arrested, the statement said.

MANILA (R) - Armed Forces outside their huts and gunned down men, women and children helicopter after Communist New People's Army (NPA) rebels ambushed an army patrol, killing one soldier.

A statement from military had ordered the arrest and the restriction to barracks of two officers of the 14th Infantry Battalion following the report from a fact-finding team headed by Col. Pedro Juachon. A third man, a corporal, had also been

Soviet unions edge towards multiple-candidacy elections

ment, under fire for doing too little to protect workers interests, amended its charter on Saturday so that more than one candidate can stand for election

to union posts. Some 5,000 delegates at a union congress in Moscow also reelected Stepan Shalayev, 58, as chairman of the movement. Mr. Shalayev, a member of the Communist Party Central Committee, has held the post since the last

Congress in March 1982. The official news agency TASS, reporting on the last day of the congress, said the unions' new charter had "a provision on

Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev called at a party central committee meeting last month for more democracy in all spheres of

The central committee adopted a resolution which fell short of whole-hearted endorsement of his proposals, reflecting what Western analysts believe is considerable nervousness in the party over the speed and extent of Mr. Gorbachev's reform drive.

BY CHARLES GOREN

Both vulnerable. East deals.

NORTH **4 K 7** ♥ 10 4 4 A K 9 7 4 3 2 EAST **≜**AQJ863 ♥9652 OAQJ1094 OVoid ♠ Q 10 5 SOUTH **±**10 ♥AKQ73 ♥K7652

4J8 The bidding: South West North 3 ◊ Pass

Opening lead: Six of 4 Do we believe that men are better bridge players than women? At the very top level, yes. If that makes us male chauvinists, so be it. However, that does not detract from the skill shown by many of

geles, from the recent Vanderbilt Team Championship. South's hand, a perfectly sound opening bid at the outset, depreciated drastically once West made a preemptive jump overcall of three dlamonds. However, since North's

the opposite sex. Here's a fine hand

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet the possibility of nominating Union's official labour move-several candidates to each elective post... instead of one candidacy as in the past."

public life, including the party, and specifically advocated secret balloting and elections with more than one candidate.

GOREN BRIDGE

bid of four clubs was forcing. South settled for rebidding the heart suit, which ended the

auction.

A spade lead and continuation would have been disastrous for declarer. However, West chose to attack with his club, and it was obvious to all the world that it was a singleton. Declarer won and drew three rounds of trumps, setting up East's nine as a winner. That also gave her a complete count of the hand. As West surely had six diamonds for his jump overcall and there were seven in her hand and dummy, East had to be void in

diamonds. Since he was marked with four trumps and three clubs, that left him with six spades. And West would not have preempted if he had the ace of spades in addition to his good diamonds, so that card had to be with East.

Declarer continued with a club to the ace and a club ruff, establishing the long clubs in dummy. Now East was given the lead with his

master trump.
Since he had nothing left but spades, the best he could do was to cash the ace of spades and then put dummy on lead with the king to take the last four tricks with good clubs. Declarer lost only one trick each in spades and hearts for an

7 killed in **Falklands**

crash Royal Air Force helicopter has crashed near Mount Pleasant Airport in the Falklands Islands, killing all seven military personnel on board, the Defence Ministry said.

A spokesman said it was not known what caused the Chinook helicopter to crash and investigators were at the scene. He gave no further details.

Civilian versions of the Chinook were grounded in Britain last year after one crashed in the sea off the Shetland Islands, killing 45 people in the world's worst civilian helicopter accident.

The Chinook, in production since 1966, was used in the Vietnam War and the 1982 conflict between Britain and Argentina over the British-ruled Falklands.

The ministry said Friday's crash occurred on land while the weather and visibility were good. Last May three people were killed and 13 injured when a Chinook crashed in the Falklands during bad weather.

U.S. agrees to civilian use of space station

PARIS (AP) - The United States has formally agreed that the future NASA space station, with European and Japanese participation, will be exclusively for peaceful, civilian use, the European Space Agency (ESA) has

The 11-nation agency that will build and operate the European module on the space station had stopped technical negotiations with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) late last year, after the U.S. Department of Defence expressed interest in the space station.

ESA's charter restricts the organisation to "exclusively peaceful" operations, and the organisation demanded firm guarantees before committing itself to the venture that there would be no military use of the space station.

Delegations from the United States, led by Richard Smith, principal deputy assistant secret-ary of state, and ESA, headed by Reinhard Loosch, director of international relations in the West Germany Ministry of Technology, ended 21/2 days of talks on the

problem Friday. "Both sides agree that the term 'civil space station for peaceful purposes' would be incorporated in a final agreement," ESA ລກກດນກັດຂໍດີ.

Bush: Tower report may help presidential

Reagan flustered by

NEW YORK (Agencies) — Mem-bers of the Tower Commission what we had learned up to that

point," Mr. Muskie said.

dent Reagan.

Izvestia said.

In Moscow the government

newspaper Izvestia charged Fri-

day that the Tower Commission

report is "without conclusions"

on the exact role of top White House officials, including Presi-

The commission "admitted it-

self that it had only touched the

tip of the iceberg" in investigating

the affair, the Soviet government

newspaper said in a report from

Izvestia said that on the whole,

the Tower Commission's report

issued Thursday "spread the

blame in such a way that it would

not touch the president" by

saying Mr. Reagan had not been

aware of the details of the opera-

"Exactly these 'conclusions' have created an especially stormy

reaction among journalists,

Nicaragua slams Reagan

The Nicaraguan Foreign Minis-

try said Friday the U.S. report on

the Iran-contra affair "confirms

the illegality and the fanaticism"

of President Reagan's "aggres-

A banner headline in Man-

Amnesty International said it

believes Ms. Merkt is a prisoner

of conscience because the Salva-

doreans she helped could have

risked arbitrary seizure, torture,

and death if they were returned

to their country, where the U.S.-

backed government is battling leftist rebels.

The report said Ms. Merkt, a

the United States to be

member of the so-called Sanctu-

ary Movement, is the first person

adopted by Amnesty Internation-

al as a prisoner of conscience in

Ms. Merkt, a worker at a

church-sponsored refugee centre

in the Rio Grande Valley, was

convicted in 1986 in U.S. district

court in Brownsville, Texas; on

one count of conspiring to trans-

port undocumented Salvadorean

aliens, Amnesty International

It said she was sentenced to 18

months' imprisonment, of which

179 days are to be served, and put

eight years.

agua's pro-government daily El Nuevo Diario on Friday said:

sion" against Nicaragua.

"Reagan is at fault."

report, panel says

were quoted Saturday as saying they were dismayed by President

Reagan's lack of knowledge of

the Iran arms scandal and de-

scribed him as flustered when

they gave him their report.
"I don't blame him, I would

have been flustered too," former

Texas Senator John Tower, the

commission's chairman, said in

an interview with the New York

Commission members also said

they uncovered new evidence of a

private network raising money

for the Nicaraguan contra rebels

but lacked time or resources to

In addition, the Tower panel-

lists told the paper they benefited

from a quirk in the White House

computer system which yielded

tens of thousands of backup

copies of documents which pre-

viously were thought to have

The newspaper reported the

commission members said that

although they were appointed on

Dec. 1, they did not get totally

organised until mid-January and

had had difficulty obtaining

The commission, also compris-

ing former Secretary of State

Edmund Muskie and retired Air

Force General Brent Scowcroft,

met Mr. Reagan twice in January

"I frankly was extremely sur-

LONDON (AP) — Amnesty In-

ternational said it has adopted as

"a prisoner of conscience," a

volunteer church worker in a

The organisation said Stacy

Lynn Merkt, 31, was imprisoned

because of her humanitarian

work for Salvadorean refugees.

rights group said it adopted Merkt, who began serving a 179-

day (more than five month) sent-

ence on Jan. 29 at the Fort Worth

Federal Correctional Institution.

It said Ms. Merkt is married and

expecting her first child, but did

not say whether the child was

expected to be born in prison.

violating U.S. immigration laws

by helping undocumented Salva-

dorean aliens obtain refuge status

believes that she was convicted of

violating laws which, as applied

by the U.S. Immigration and

Naturalisation Service, "directly

facilitate the violation of human

rights to which the organisation is on three years' probation.

in the United States.

Ms. Merkt was convicted so

The London-based human

Amnesty adopts Texas

'prisoner of conscience'

security clearances for staff.

investigate it fully.

been purged.

and February.

MANCHESTER, New Hamp-shire (AP) — Vice President George Bush says the findings of the Tower Commission make clear he was not involved in any

campaign

wrongdoing and therefore will help his presidential campaign. The report "laid to rest a lot of wild speculation about me," Mr. Bush told reporters Friday night as he flew back to Washington from a campaign trip to Mas-sachusetts and New Hampshire.

He also noted that no one in the audience for his luncheon speech to a Chamber of Commerce in Bedford, Massachusetts, asked about Iran. "I don't think people out here

care much about Iran," said the vice president. He appeared to accept the commission's finding that arms were traded for bostages, an ac-

tion he said was wrong.

At the Chamber of Commerce luncheon and at a Republican dinner in New Hampshire, Mr. Bush prefaced his prepared remarks with comments on the highly critical report issued Thursday on the secret arms sales to Iran and diversion of funds to

the contras. Mr. Bush quoted the commission report as saying that "a pattern of successive bargained exchanges of arms and hostages

was quickly established."
Then he said, "arms for hostages is wrong, and at this stage the implementation of the policy failed. It failed the American people and it failed the presi-

While he was in New Hampshire, Mr. Bush was interviewed on television station WNEV of Boston and was asked what impact he thought the report would have on his presidential pros-

"It makes them much better," he replied. "I think some people out there were wondering what was the vice president's involvement. ... "The report speaks to it. It

makes clear I wasn't involved in

some of the things that people consider were wrong." Mr. Bush was one of the few administration officials who escaped criticism by the commission headed by former Republican Senator John Tower. The panel criticised President Ronald Reagan for not having tight enough control over the actions

Rican President Oscar Arias has

denied that any U.S. government

official threatened to cut off U.S.

aid if he did not continue to allow

U.S. planes to use a Costa Rican

airport to supply Nicaraguan re-

"I was never blackmailed, nor was I ever threatened," Mr.

Arias told a news conference.

He was responding to a report by

the Tower Commission that such

The commission was appointed

by U.S. President Ronald

Reagan to investigate White

House involvement in the secret

sale of arms to Iran and the

alleged diversion of profits to

"I was asked permission for

North American planes to con-

tinue using the airport, in the

been

report must have

erroneous '

pressure was exerted.

Nicaraguan rebels.

of his subordinates.

Costa Rica denies U.S. harassment official visit to Mexico to streng-MEXICO CITY (AP) — Costa then political and trade ties between the countries. He did not

provide details. Officials in San Jose, the Costa Rican capital, said the request was made shortly after Mr. Arias was sworn into office on May 8. The airport is located in northern Costa Rica, near the northwestern towns of Potrero Grande and Santa Elena.

One of the officials, Deputy Foreign Minister, Carlos Rivera Bianchini, said in a telephone interview Mr. Arias made the decision in order to preserve Costa Rica's neutrality in the conflict between the contra rebels and Nicaragua's Sandinista govern-

"There was never such a threat and events themselves, since President Arias took power on May 8, 1986, demonstrate the contrary to what the document says," Mr. Rivera Bianchini said. "Events show that the Tower

northern part of the country, with supplies for the contras, but I refused," he said, "The (Tower) Commission report is not saying The news conference came at the truth when it affirms that

from the North American government to keep the Potrero Grande air strip open," he

The report said fired National Security Council staff member Lt.-Col. Oliver North said he had threatened Mr. Arias with a cutoff of \$80 million in aid if he publicised the existence of a secret Costa Rican airfield used to resupply the Nicaraguan rebels. Col. North made the comment in a memo to then National Security Advisor John Poindexter.

In addition, the report said Col. North threatened to withdraw an invitation to Mr. Arias to make an official visit to Washington, but it made no mention of any threat if Mr. Arias denied the use of the airport.

The aid was never cut off, even though the Arias government denied further use of the airport and publicly disclosed its existence.

Col. North was fired on Nov. 25 following an investigation that linked him to the diversion of franian arms sales profits to the contras. Adm. Poindexter resthe end of Mr. Arias' two-day President Arias received threats igned the same day.

Former British officers allege anti-IRA shoot-to-kill policy in mid-1970s BELFAST, Northern Ireland kidnappings and assassinations (AP)—Two former British army was waged in the mid-1970s

to kidnap and murder IRA sus-

pects across the border in the

Holroyd said the Protestants

south west of Belfast and were

members of the Ulster Volunteer

Force and the Ulster Freedom

Fighters. Both groups are out-

Irish Republic.

officers say British security forces in Northern Ireland operated a shoot-to-kill policy in the mid-1970s against Irish Republican Army (IRA) guerrilla suspects.

In an interview with the British Broadcasting Corp.'s (BBC) Radio Ulster on Friday, they also alleged that rivalry between two intelligence agencies operating in the province enabled guerrillas to kill 10 undercover agents in just over a week in the same period.

The allegations were made by Fred Holroyd, an ex-captain in military intelligence, and Colin Wallace, an ex-army information officer with the rank of major who said he had led a secret psychological operations unit.

They said they had written to Conservative Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher about their allegations.

Holroyd said a number of disp-They said a "dirty war" of

of "kidnapping and murdering suspected IRA men." against suspected guerrillas of the He said he was forced to resign mainly Roman Catholic IRA and

from the army in 1976 after objecting to the "assassination polithat a dirty tricks campaign was operated in Northern Ireland employed against Protestant by Britain's M15 counter-espionleaders to try to discredit them. They said the dirty war was age service.

authorised from the highest level. He said he had submitted his Holroyd said in the radio interallegations to the Royal Ulster view that at one stage members of Constabulary (RUC), Northern the army's elite counter-subver-Ireland's police force, in 1983 but claimed the RUC was trying to sion Special Air Service (SAS) regiment used Protestant terrorist cover them up.

He did not say how many kidnappings and deaths were involved. Merlyn Rees was the secretary

from Portadown 40 kilometres of state for Northern Ireland from 1974-1976 in Britain's then Labour government and as such was the cabinet minister then in charge of the province. Rees asked Mrs. Thatcher Friday after the broadcast to make a statearate intelligence groups were ment in parliament next week brought together for the purpose about the allegations,

COLUMNS 768

New lizard species found at war front

PARIS (AP) - An Iraman zoologist, serving as a medical orderly at the front in the Iran-Iraq war, discovered a new species of Gecko lizard, the world's largest, a French professor has said. The discoverer has not been heard of since, and may have been killed in the subsequent fighting, said Prof. Michel Thireau of the Paris Museum of Natural History. Thireau said in a telephone interview that he and an Iranian zoologist, Mohammad Baloutch of Tehran University, described the new species in a scientific publication late last year. "We named it Eublepharis Ensait, after the discoverer," he said. Cpl. Ali Reza Ensaf spotted the Gerko. a tropical and sub-tropical lizard with suction pads on its feet, in the ruins of an Iranian position shelled by the Iraqis near Fakke in Khuzistan in July 1984, Thirean said. Ensaf captured the animal and sent it alive to Baloutch, his former professor, with photos of the hole in which it lived, but because of the war, did not have time to write a full description of the environment. Baloutch brought the animal to Paris where he and Thireau determined it to be a new series to add to the two species of Geckos previously known in Iran, Thireau said.

90-year-old escapes 18th jail term

HARARE, Zimbabwe (AP) - A 90-year-old man who says he has been smoking marijuana for the past 73 years escaped an 18th jail term for the offense, the Herald newspaper reported Saturday. "You see, I do not smoke cigarettes and I don't drink. So I smoke mbanje," Nhau Matazo told Judge President Wilson Sandura, the newspaper reported. It said Sandura gave Matazo a suspended nine-month prison sentence for possessing 500 grammes of marijuana, known here as mbanje. Matazo, who has been iailed 17 times since 1914 for smoking the drug, was referred to the high court by a magistrate who told him: "You started your criminal career long before I was born and you have continued unabated on an annual basis." Matazo, who pleaded guilty, told the high court the marijuana was for his own use. He also said the drug eased the pain of his constant backache, the newspaper reported. Sandura said he would not jail Matazo because of his advanced age, but warned him to stop using the drug, suggesting he go to hospital for treatment for his backache.

Man sells pot 'to help starving Jews'

WAILUKU, Hawaii (AP) — A man who was fined and sentenced to jail for raising marijuana claims he was selling the drug to raise money for famine-stricken Jews in Ethiopia. A judge fined Michael Krupnick \$5,000 and sentenced him to a year in jail, but suspended 11 months of the term. 4.9 kilogrammes of marijuana, 0.9 kilogramme of marijuana seeds and photographs of Krupnick standing next to marijuana plants were seized in the man's home, police said. Krupnick, 31, said he was donating the proceeds from his marijuana sales to the cause of Ethiopian Jews.

China has severe shortage of doctors

PEKING (AP) — China has only 720,000 doctors to care for its population of more than 1 billion, an official news report has said. The China Daily newspaper said the ratio of qualified doctors to the population is especially severe in rural areas where eight of every 10 Chinese live. It said China has 3.41 million addical workers, but only 720,000 are doctors — 0.7 per cent per 1,000 people. To raise that ratio to one for every 1,000 people by the year 2000, when China's population is expected to exceed 1.25 billion, the nation will have to graduate 60.000 doctors a year, the pape said. The report did not say how many doctors currently are graduating from medical schools.

Book of Kells launched in print

DUBLIN (R) — The Book of Kells, a medieval masterpiece which ranks as one of the world's most beautiful illuminated manuscripts, was launched into print - almost 12 centuries after it was created. Swiss publisher Urs Duggelin, who has developed a special mobile book holder with suction pads for photographing the famous Irish national treasure, presented at a news conference the first four pages of the first full colour facsimile edition of the fragile 680-page tome Dublin's Trinity College, keeper of the Book of Kells, sanctioned the project by the Lucerne publisher who hopes to complete the facsimile project by 1990. A limited edition of about 1,500 copies will be sold to private collectors and libraries in Europe and the United States. Each copy will be priced at just under \$10,000. Before the news conference, Duggelin presented to Irish President Patrick Hillery the first four facsimile pages of the book, a lavishly illustrated Latin text of the four gospels produced by Irish monks in 800 A.D.

Number up for Irish 'sweep'

DUBLIN, Ireland (AP) — An institution passed into history with the closure of the Irish Sweepstakes, victim of a new state-run lottery and a drop in takings from abroad. It's a very transmatic thing. The 'sweep' was looked upon as an institution that would never die," said a spokesman for the privately owned hospitals trust, which set up the big-money competition in 1931. The Hospitals Sweepstakes, its formal title, paid out 275 million Irish pounds (\$412 million) in prize money and contributed 134 million Irish pounds (\$201 million) toward hospital building and medical programmes. "Most of the money was raised in the 1930s and 1940s when millions meant millions, and it built hospitals all over the country," said the spokesman, who spoke on condition of anonymity. Its biggest single payout was 354,724 pounds to Londoher Emilio Scala in 1931. The pound was worth about \$4.50 in the 1930s. After that, the prize money was split into multiple prizes, and recent first awards have ranged from 100,000 pounds (\$150,000) to 150,000 pounds (\$225,000). The Sweepstakes, a private company operating with government approval, has fallen into debt since the mid-1970s, the spokesman said. Its Dublin headquarters put up its shutters after deciding it could not compete with a state-run lottery being introduced on March 23.

Brazil poised for carnival

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) - Four days of eating, drinking, music and scantily-clad dancing began in Rio as the city kicked off its annual carnival. Carnival, which nominally ushers in the Roman Catholic period of Lent, was officially opened when Rio's "Rei Momo", or clown king, was handed the keys to the city by Mayor Saturnino Braga. The festival, perhaps best known for the beautiful women who parade in revealing costumes to the beat of Samba bands, is expected to attract millions of Brazilians and thousands of tourists. In a bid to keep the fun clean, Rio police have arrested more than 3,000 thieves, prostitutes, vagrants and others with criminal records. The detainees, dubbed by newspapers the "what am I going to say at home" gang, are kept in a huge shed near the city zoo and will be released on Ash Wednesday. The Archbishop of Rio, Dom Eugenio Sales, has reminded radio listeners that this was a time for penitence. "At the moment when pleasure... is placed on a pedestal of false divinity, the Christian ... should complete his anission of fomenting good and light in the darkness in a world gone mad," he said in a broadcast message.